



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring SIP Trunking using Verizon Business IP Trunking Service with Avaya IP Office Release 11.1 – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe a reference configuration using Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer and an Avaya IP Office solution. In the reference configuration, the Avaya IP Office solution consists of an Avaya IP Office Server Edition Primary Server Release 11.1, an Avaya IP500 V2 Expansion System Release 11.1, Voicemail Pro and Avaya SIP, H.323, digital, and analog endpoints.

The Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer referenced within these Application Notes is designed for business customers. The service enables local and long distance PSTN calling via standards-based SIP trunks directly, without the need for additional TDM enterprise gateways or TDM cards and the associated maintenance costs.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted in the Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab, utilizing a Verizon Business Private IP (PIP) circuit connection to the production Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe a reference configuration using Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer and an Avaya IP Office solution. In the reference configuration, the Avaya IP Office solution consists of an Avaya IP Office Server Edition Primary Server, an IP500 V2 Expansion System, Voicemail Pro and Avaya SIP, H.323, digital, and analog endpoints.

Avaya IP Office is a versatile communications solution that combines the reliability and ease of a traditional telephony system with the applications and advantages of an IP telephony solution. This converged communications solution can help businesses reduce costs, increase productivity, and improve customer service.

These Application Notes complement previously published Application Notes by illustrating the configuration screens and Avaya testing of IP Office Release 11.1.

Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer can be delivered to the customer premises via either a Private IP (PIP) or Internet Dedicated Access (IDA) IP network termination. Although the configuration documented in these Application Notes used Verizon's IP Trunk service terminated via a PIP network connection, the solution validated in this document also applies to IP Trunk services delivered via IDA service terminations.

For more information on the Verizon Business IP Trunking service, including access alternatives, visit <https://enterprise.verizon.com/products/business-communications/voip-and-voice-services/voip-ip-trunking/>

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to connect a simulated enterprise site to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service, as depicted in **Figure 1**. Avaya IP Office was configured to use the commercially available SIP Trunking solution provided by the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. This allowed Avaya IP Office users to make calls to the PSTN and receive calls from the PSTN via the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in these DevConnect Application Notes included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products. Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP trunking interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test:

- Incoming calls from the PSTN were routed to the DID numbers assigned by Verizon Business to the Avaya IP Office location. These incoming PSTN calls arrived via the SIP Line and were answered by Avaya SIP telephones, Avaya H.323 telephones, Avaya digital telephones, analog telephones, analog fax machines, Avaya IX Workplace for Windows softphones and Avaya Voicemail Pro. The display of caller ID on display-equipped Avaya IP Office telephones was verified.
- Incoming calls answered by members of Hunt Groups were verified.
- Outgoing calls from the Avaya IP Office location to the PSTN were routed via the SIP Line to Verizon Business. These outgoing PSTN calls were originated from Avaya SIP telephones, Avaya H.323 telephones, Avaya digital telephones, analog endpoints, Avaya IX Workplace for Windows and Avaya Voicemail Pro. The display of caller ID on display-equipped PSTN telephones was verified.
- Inbound / Outbound fax using G.711 and T.38 were verified.
- Proper disconnect when the caller abandoned a call before answer for both inbound and outbound calls.
- Proper disconnect when the IP Office party or the PSTN party terminated an active call.
- Proper busy tone heard when an IP Office user called a busy PSTN user, or a PSTN user called a busy IP Office user (i.e., if no redirection was configured for user busy conditions).
- Various outbound PSTN call types were tested including long distance, international, toll-free, operator assisted, and directory assistance calls.
- Requests for privacy (i.e., caller anonymity) for IP Office outbound calls to the PSTN were verified. That is, when privacy is requested by IP Office, outbound PSTN calls were successfully completed while withholding the caller ID from the displays of display-equipped PSTN telephones.
- Privacy requests for inbound calls from the PSTN to IP Office users were verified. That is, when privacy is requested by a PSTN caller, the inbound PSTN call was successfully completed to an IP Office user while presenting an “anonymous” display to the IP Office user.
- SIP OPTIONS monitoring of the health of the SIP trunk was verified. Both Verizon Business and IP Office were able to monitor SIP trunk health using SIP OPTIONS.
- IP Office outbound calls were placed with simple short codes as well as using ARS. Using ARS, the ability of IP Office to route-advance to an alternate route was exercised when the primary SIP line was not responding. The Line Group associated with the Verizon Business SIP Trunk was the primary line group chosen for a call, or an alternate line group was selected upon failure of a primary line.
- Incoming and outgoing calls using the G.729A and G.711MU codecs.

- DTMF transmission (RFC 2833) with successful voice mail navigation using G.729A and G.711MU for incoming and outgoing calls. Successful navigation of a simple auto-attendant application configured on Avaya Voicemail Pro.
- Inbound and outbound long holding time call stability.
- Telephony features such as call waiting, hold, transfer, and conference.
- Attended call transfer using the SIP REFER method.
- Unattended or “blind” call transfer using the SIP REFER method.
- Inbound calls from Verizon IP Trunk service that were call forwarded back to PSTN destinations, presenting true calling party information to the PSTN phone, via Verizon IP Trunk service.
- Mobile twinning to a mobile phone, presenting true calling party information to the mobile phone. Mobility Features such as Outbound and Inbound Mobile Call Control. were also verified successfully.
- DiffServ markings in accordance with network requirements for IP Office SIP signaling and RTP media.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the reference configuration was completed with successful results. The following observations were noted:

- **SIP endpoint transfers:** When Refer based call transfers are performed, Verizon does not send NOTIFY SIP messages to Avaya IP Office to signal transfer completion. Some Avaya SIP endpoints (e.g., Avaya 1140E, and Avaya IX Workplace for Windows) require receipt of a NOTIFY when Refer based call transfers are performed. Without the NOTIFY messages, these IP Office users may briefly see “Transfer failed” on the display after the final user operation, even if the transfer has actually succeeded. The IP Office SIP Line option, **Emulate NOTIFY for REFER** can be set, to send the necessary NOTIFY messages to these endpoints (see **Section 5.4.6**), avoiding this issue.
- **Emergency 911/E911 Services Limitations and Restrictions** – Although Verizon provides 911/E911 calling capabilities, 911 capabilities were not tested; therefore, it is the customer’s responsibility to ensure proper operation with its equipment/software vendor.

Note – These Application Notes describe the provisioning used for the sample configuration shown in **Figure 1**. Other configurations may require modifications to the provisioning described in this document.

2.3. Support

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit <http://support.avaya.com>.

For technical support on Verizon Business IP Trunking service offer, follow the online support links at <https://enterprise.verizon.com>.

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates an example Avaya IP Office solution connected to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. The Avaya equipment is located on a private IP subnet. An enterprise edge router provides access to the Verizon Business IP Trunking service network via a Verizon Business T1 circuit. This circuit is provisioned for the Verizon Business Private IP (PIP) service.

The reference configuration consisted of the following components:

- Avaya IP Office provides the voice communications services for a particular enterprise site. In the reference configuration, Avaya IP Office runs on the Avaya IP Office Server Edition platform. Note that this solution is extensible to deployments using the standalone IP500 V2 platform as well.
- In the sample configuration, the Primary server runs the Avaya IP Office Server Edition Linux software. Avaya Voicemail Pro, running as a service on the Primary Server, provided the voice messaging capabilities in the reference configuration.
- The Expansion System (V2) is used for the support of digital, analog and additional IP stations. It consists of an Avaya IP Office 500 V2 with analog and digital extension expansion modules, as well as a VCM64 (Voice Compression Module).
- Avaya endpoints are represented with Avaya 9608 H.323 Deskphones, Avaya J169 SIP Deskphones, Avaya 1140E SIP Deskphones, Avaya 9508 Digital Deskphones, as well as Avaya IX Workplace for Windows (SIP) softphones. Fax endpoints are represented by PCs running Ventafax emulation software connected by modem to the IP Office analog ports.
- In the reference configuration, Avaya IP Office interface “LAN 1” (labeled LAN) is connected to the private CPE, and interface “LAN 2” (labeled WAN) is connected to the public network and Verizon Business IP Trunking service.
- In the reference configuration, Avaya IP Office receives traffic from the Verizon Business IP Trunking service on port 5060 and sends traffic to port 5071, using UDP for network transport, as required by the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.
- Verizon Business IP Trunking service provided Direct Inward Dial (DID) numbers. These DID numbers were mapped to IP Office destinations via Incoming Call Routes in the IP Office configuration.
- Verizon Business used the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)
pcelban0001.avayalincroft.globalipcom.com.
- The Avaya CPE environment was assigned FQDN *adevc.avaya.globalipcom.com* by Verizon Business.

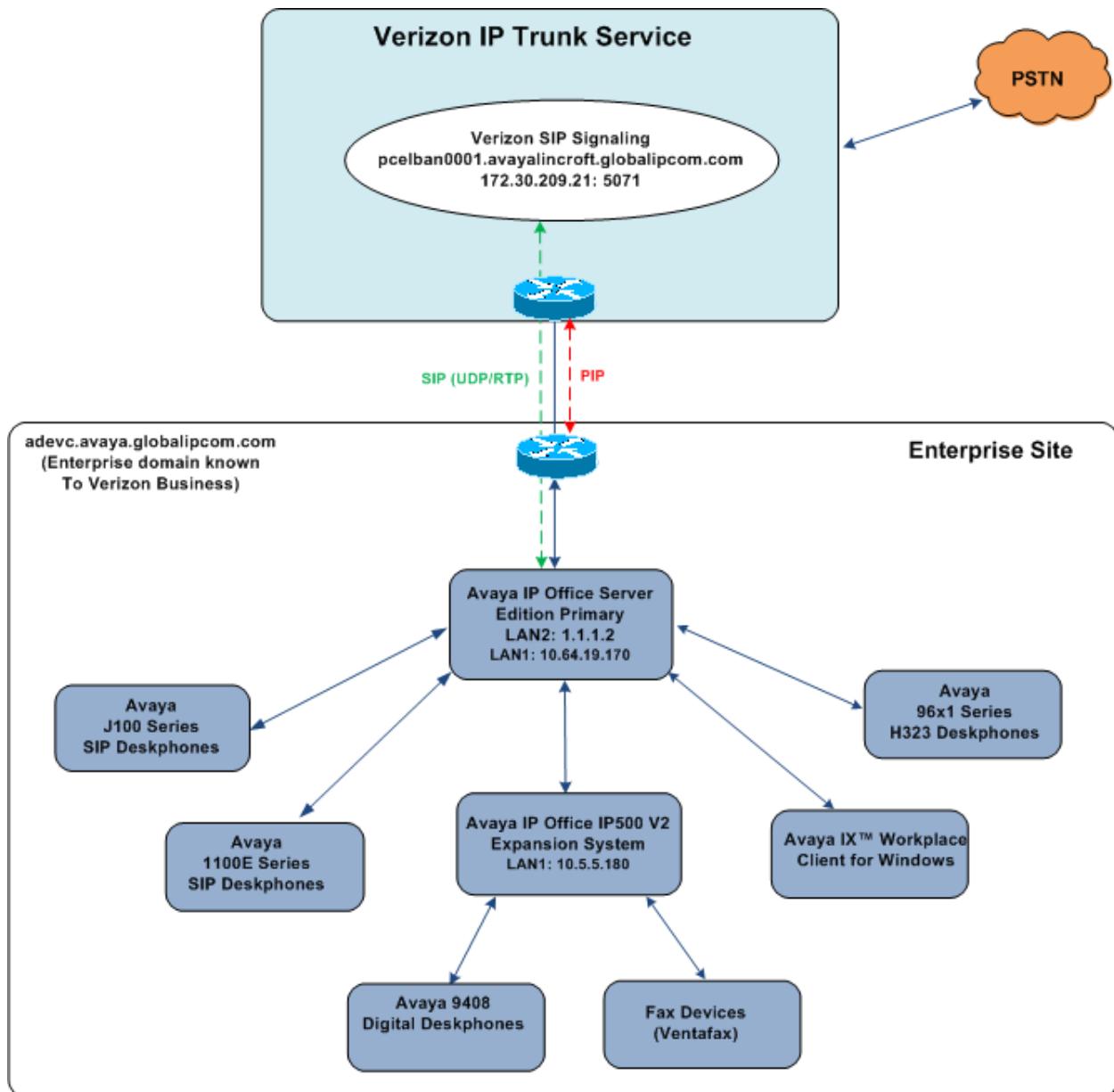


Figure 1: Avaya Interoperability Test Lab Configuration

4. Equipment and Software Validated

Table 2 shows the equipment and software used in the reference configuration.

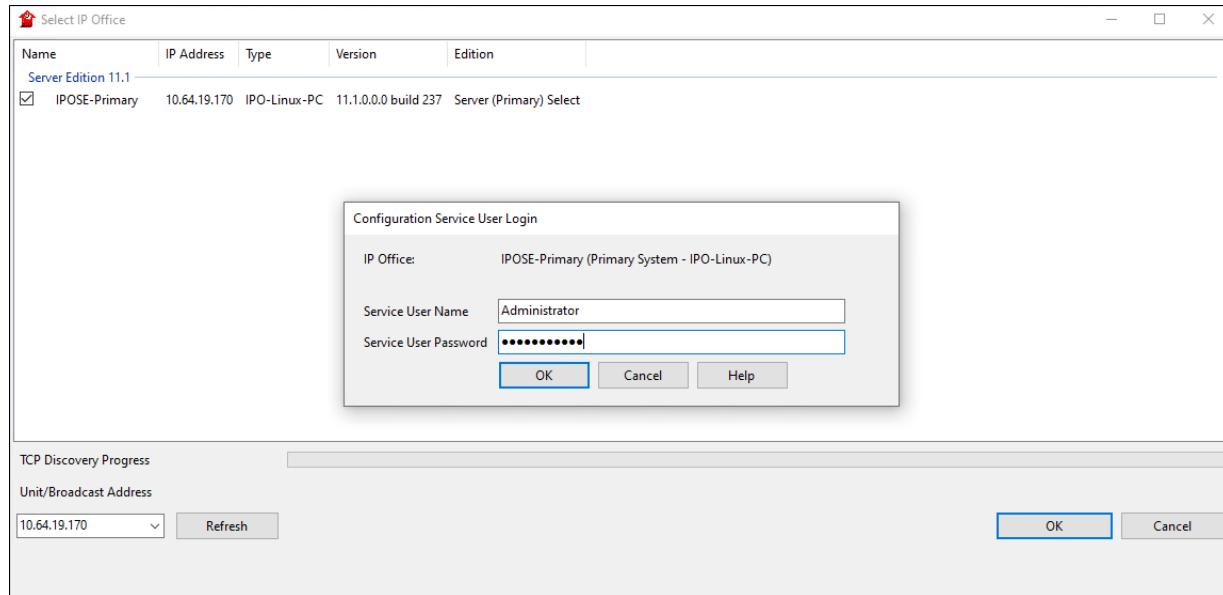
Avaya IP Telephony Solution Components	
Equipment	Software
Avaya IP Office Server Edition	Release 11.1.0.0.0 Build 237
- Avaya IP Office Voicemail Pro	Release 11.1.0.0.0 Build 234
Avaya IP Office 500 V2 Expansion System	Release 11.1.0.0.0 Build 237
Avaya IP Office Manager	Release 11.1.0.0.0 Build 237
Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphone (H.323)	Release 6.8304
Avaya 1140E IP Deskphone (SIP)	Release 04.04.23.00
Avaya J169 IP Deskphone (SIP)	Release 4.0.4.0.10
Avaya IX Workplace Client for Windows	Release 3.8.4.10.2
Avaya 9508 Digital Deskphone	Release 0.60

Table 1: Equipment and Software Tested

Compliance Testing is applicable when the tested solution is deployed with a standalone IP Office 500 V2, and also when deployed with all configurations of IP Office Server Edition. Note that IP Office Server Edition requires an Expansion IP Office 500 V2 to support analog or digital endpoints or trunks.

5. Avaya IP Office Primary Server Configuration

IP Office is configured via the IP Office Manager program. For more information on IP Office Manager, consult reference [4]. From the IP Office Manager PC, select **Start → Programs → IP Office → Manager** to launch the Manager application. Navigate to **File → Open Configuration** (not shown), select the proper Avaya IP Office system from the pop-up window, and log in using the appropriate credentials.



On Server Edition systems, the Solution View screen will appear, similar to the one shown below. All the Avaya IP Office configurable components are shown in the left pane, known as the Navigation Pane. Clicking the “plus” sign next to the Primary server system name, e.g., **IPOSE-Primary**, on the navigation pane will expand the menu on this server. In the sample configuration, IP users registered to the Primary server. Digital and Analog users are configured on the Expansion System. The SIP trunk to Verizon Business is configured on the Primary server.

The screenshot shows the Avaya IP Office Manager interface. On the left is a 'Configuration' pane with a tree view of system components: BOOTP(5), Operator(3), Solution, and various user and group entries. The 'Solution' node is expanded. On the right is the 'Server Edition' pane. The top header says 'Server Edition' and 'Summary'. Below it is a 'Hardware Installed' section listing the Control Unit as IPO-Linux-PC, Secondary Server as 10.64.19.175, Expansion Systems as 10.5.5.180; 10.64.19.68, and System Identification as ceb15bc1d353a6f03d22ff8637a681620b80bf0. The bottom section is 'System Settings' with details like IP Address (10.64.19.170), Sub-Net Mask (255.255.255.0), System Locale (United States (US English)), System Location (2: Denver), Device ID (NONE), and Number of Extensions on System (18). To the right of the summary panes is a vertical sidebar with links: Configuration, System Status, Voicemail Administration, Resiliency Administration, On-boarding, IP Office Web Manager, Help, Set All Nodes License Source, Set All Nodes to Subscription mode, Add..., Secondary Server, and Expansion System. There are also 'Open...' and 'Add...' buttons at the top of the sidebar.

In the screens presented in the following sections, the View menu was configured to show the Navigation pane on the left side, the Group pane in the center and the Details pane on the right side. These panes will be referenced throughout the rest of this document.

Standard feature configurations that are not directly related to the interfacing with the service provider are assumed to be already in place, and they are not part of these Application Notes.

5.1. Licensing

In the reference configuration, **IPOSE-Primary** was used as the system name of the Primary Server and **IP500 Expansion** was used as the system name of the Expansion System. All navigation described in the following sections (e.g., **License**) appears as submenus underneath the system name in the Navigation Pane.

The configuration and features described in these Application Notes require the IP Office system to be licensed appropriately. If a desired feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative.

Navigate to **License** in the Navigation Pane. In the Details Pane verify that the **License Status** for **SIP Trunk Channels** is Valid and that the number of **Instances** is sufficient to support the number of channels provisioned for the SIP trunk.

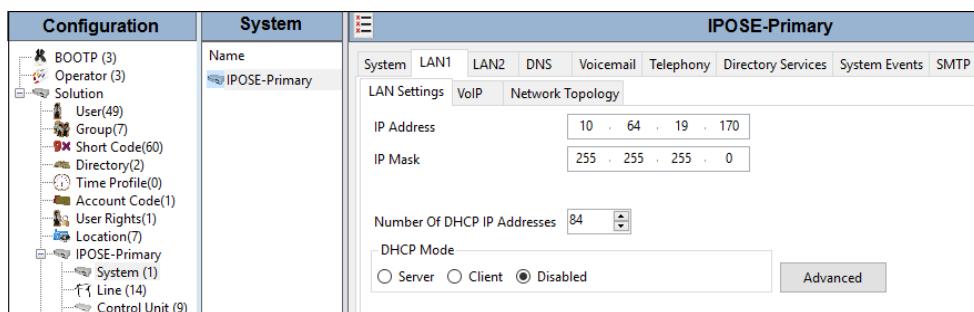
Configuration	License																																																																						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ BOOTP (5) ✗ Operator (3) ✓ Solution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ User(29) ✗ Group(5) ✗ Short Code(62) ✗ Directory(2) ✗ Time Profile(0) ✗ Account Code(1) ✗ User Rights(1) ✗ Location(7) ✗ IPOSE-Primary <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ System (1) ✗ Line (14) ✗ Control Unit (8) ✗ Extension (18) ✗ User (21) ✗ Group (4) ✗ Short Code (11) ✗ Service (0) ✗ Incoming Call Route (✗ IP Route (2) ✗ License (11) ✗ ARS (15) ✗ Location (7) ✗ Authorization Code (C) 	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>License Type</th><th>Status</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>License</td><td>Remote Server</td></tr> <tr> <td>License Mode</td><td>WebLM Normal</td></tr> <tr> <td>Licensed Version</td><td>11.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>Select Licensing</td><td>Valid</td></tr> <tr> <th>Feature</th><th>Instances</th><th>Status</th><th>Expiration Date</th><th>Source</th></tr> <tr> <td>Additional Voicemail Pro Ports</td><td>152</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>VMPro TTS Professional</td><td>1</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>Power User</td><td>16</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>Avaya IP endpoints</td><td>18</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>SIP Trunk Channels</td><td>100</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>CTI Link Pro</td><td>1</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>Server Edition</td><td>1</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>Web Collaboration</td><td>2</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>UMS Web Services</td><td>1</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>Basic User</td><td>4</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> <tr> <td>VM Media Manager</td><td>1</td><td>Valid</td><td>Never</td><td>WebLM</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	License Type	Status	License	Remote Server	License Mode	WebLM Normal	Licensed Version	11.0	Select Licensing	Valid	Feature	Instances	Status	Expiration Date	Source	Additional Voicemail Pro Ports	152	Valid	Never	WebLM	VMPro TTS Professional	1	Valid	Never	WebLM	Power User	16	Valid	Never	WebLM	Avaya IP endpoints	18	Valid	Never	WebLM	SIP Trunk Channels	100	Valid	Never	WebLM	CTI Link Pro	1	Valid	Never	WebLM	Server Edition	1	Valid	Never	WebLM	Web Collaboration	2	Valid	Never	WebLM	UMS Web Services	1	Valid	Never	WebLM	Basic User	4	Valid	Never	WebLM	VM Media Manager	1	Valid	Never	WebLM
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5.2. System Settings

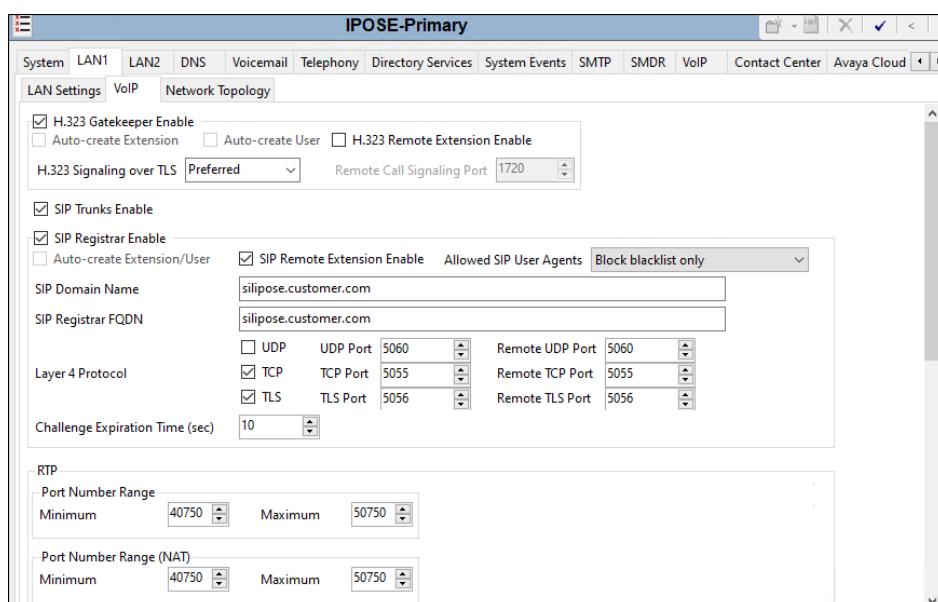
This section illustrates the configuration of system settings. Select **System** in the Navigation pane to configure these settings. The subsection order corresponds to a left to right navigation of the tabs in the Details pane for System settings. For all the following configuration sections, the **OK** button (not shown) must be selected in order for any changes to be saved.

5.2.1. LAN1 Settings

In the reference configuration, LAN1 is used to connect the Primary server to the enterprise network. To view or configure the **IP Address** of LAN1, select the **LAN1** tab followed by the **LAN Settings** tab. As shown in **Figure 1**, the IP Address of the Primary server is **10.64.19.170**. Other parameters on this screen may be set according to customer requirements.

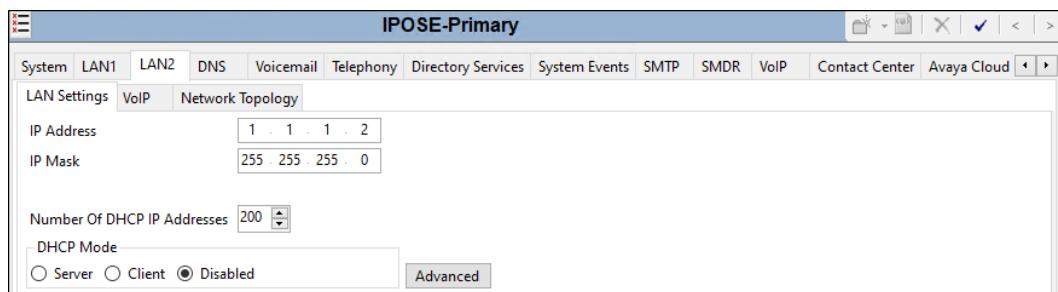


Select the **VoIP** tab as shown in the following screen. The **H323 Gatekeeper Enable** parameter is checked to allow the use of Avaya IP Telephones using the H.323 protocol, such as the Avaya 96x1 deskphones used in the reference configuration. The **H.323 Signaling over TLS** is set to **Preferred** to allow TLS signaling for H.323 endpoint that support it. The **SIP Registrar Enable** parameter is checked to allow Avaya J169, Avaya 1140E, and Avaya IX Workplace usage. The **SIP Domain Name** and **SIP Registrar FQDN** may be set according to customer requirements. Set the parameters on the **Layer 4 Protocol** section based on customer needs.



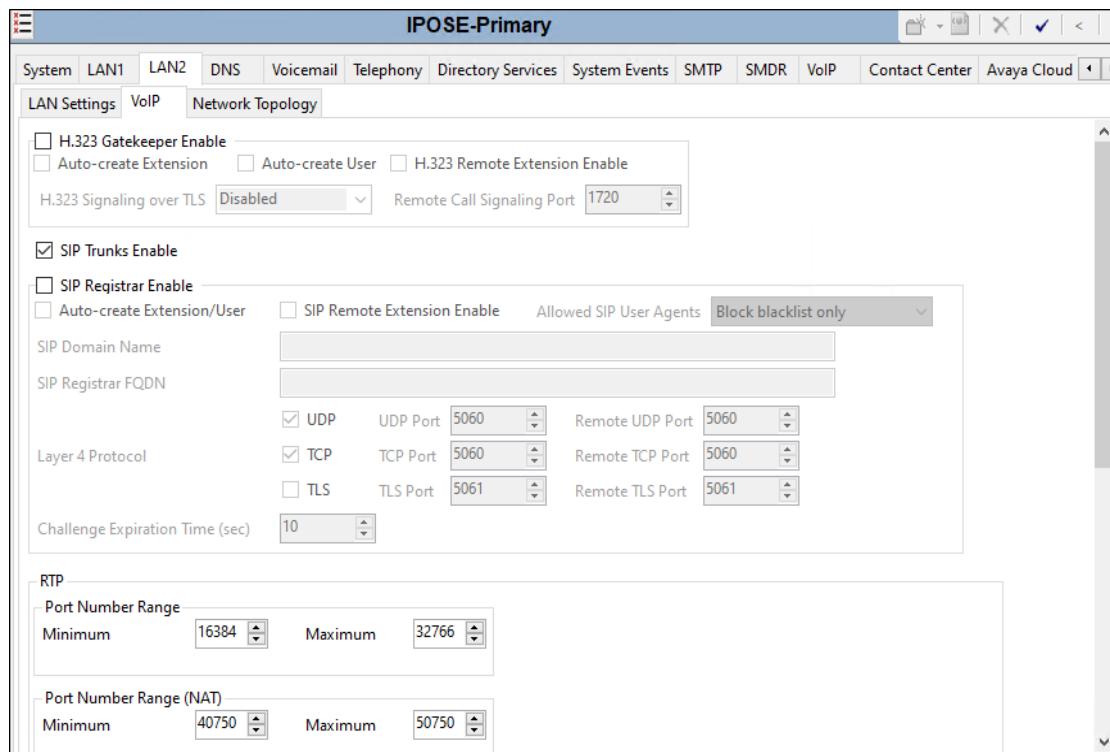
5.2.2. LAN2 Settings

In the sample configuration, LAN2 is used to connect the IP Office to the Verizon Business network. To view or configure the **IP Address** of LAN2, select the **LAN2** tab followed by the **LAN Settings** tab. As shown in **Figure 1**, the IP address of the IP Office, known to Verizon, is “**1.1.1.2**”. **DHCP Mode** is set to “**Disabled**” since DHCP is unnecessary towards Verizon.



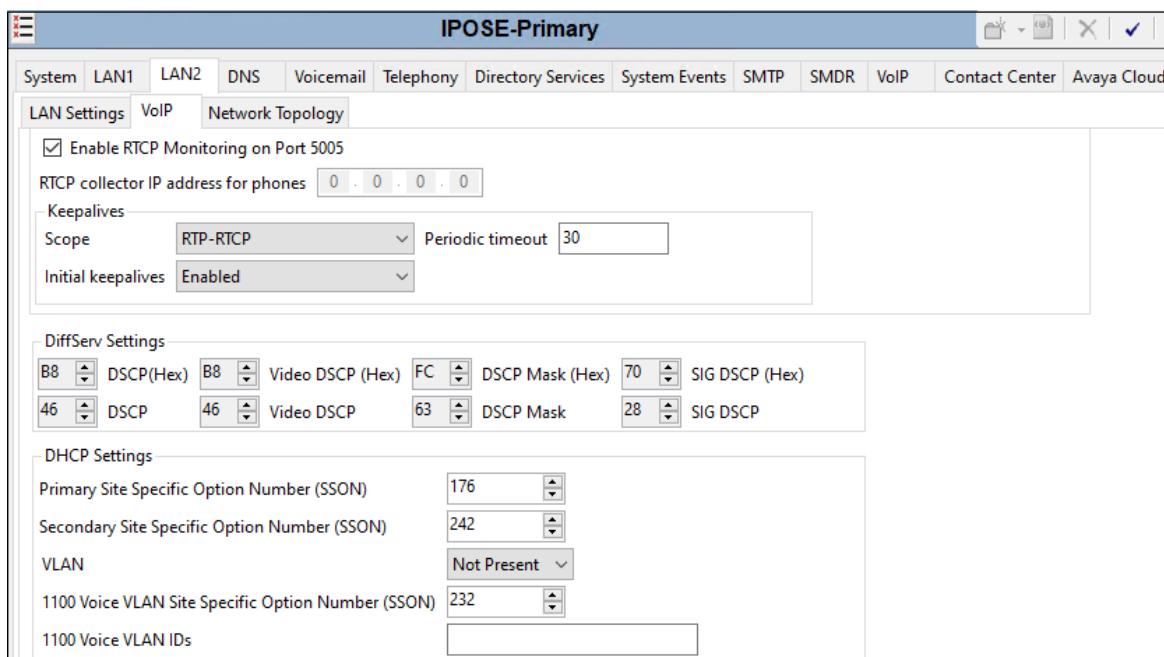
Select the **VoIP** tab as shown in the following screen. The **H323 Gatekeeper Enable** and **SIP Registrar Enable** boxes are unchecked since IP telephones will not be registering on this link. The **SIP Trunks Enable** box must be checked to enable the configuration of SIP trunks to Verizon Business.

If desired, the **RTP Port Number Range** can be customized to a specific range of receive ports for the RTP media paths from Verizon Business to IP Office. The defaults are used here.

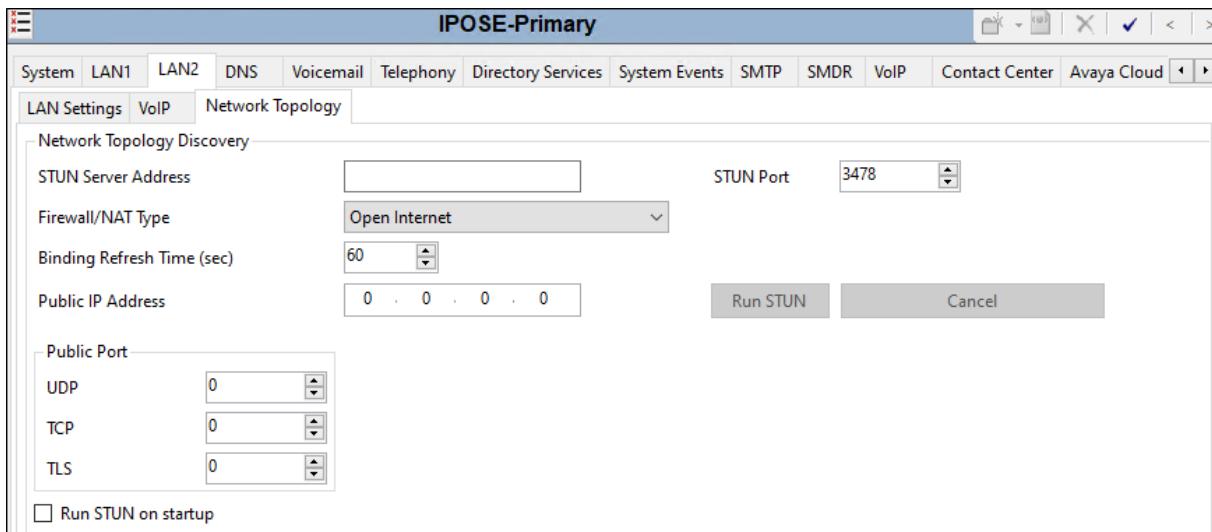


Scrolling down the page, on the **Keepalives** section, set the **Scope** to **RTP-RTCP**. Set the **Periodic timeout** to **30** and the **Initial keepalives** parameter to **Enabled**. These settings will cause the Primary server to send RTP and RTCP keepalive packets starting at the time of initial connection and every 30 seconds thereafter if no other RTP or RTCP traffic is present. This facilitates the flow of media in cases where each end of the connection is waiting to see media from the other, as well as helping to keep ports open for the duration of the call.

In the **DiffServ Settings** section, the Primary server can be configured to mark the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) in the IP Header with specific values to support Quality of Services (QoS) policies for both signaling and media. The **DSCP** field is the value used for media, while the **SIG DSCP** is the value used for signaling. These settings should be set according to the customer's QoS policies in place. In the sample configuration shown below, IP Office will mark the RTP media with a value associated with "Expedited Forwarding" using DSCP decimal 46 (**DSCP** parameter). IP Office will mark SIP signaling with a value associated with "Assured Forwarding" using DSCP decimal 28 (**SIG DSCP** parameter).

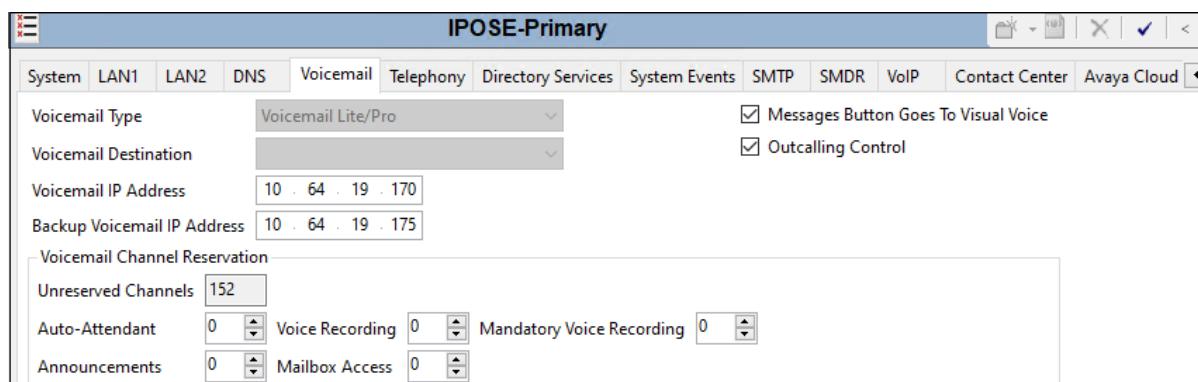


Select the **Network Topology** tab as shown in the following screen. The **Firewall/NAT Type** was set to **Open Internet** in the sample configuration. Note that the **Firewall/NAT Type** parameter may need to be set differently, depending on the type of firewall or Network Address Translation device used at the customer premise. **Binding Refresh Time (sec)** was set to **60** seconds. This is used to determine the frequency at which Avaya IP Office will send SIP OPTIONS messages, to periodically check the status of the SIP trunk connection to Verizon Business. The **Public IP Address** and **Public Port** sections are not used for the Verizon Business SIP trunk service connection.



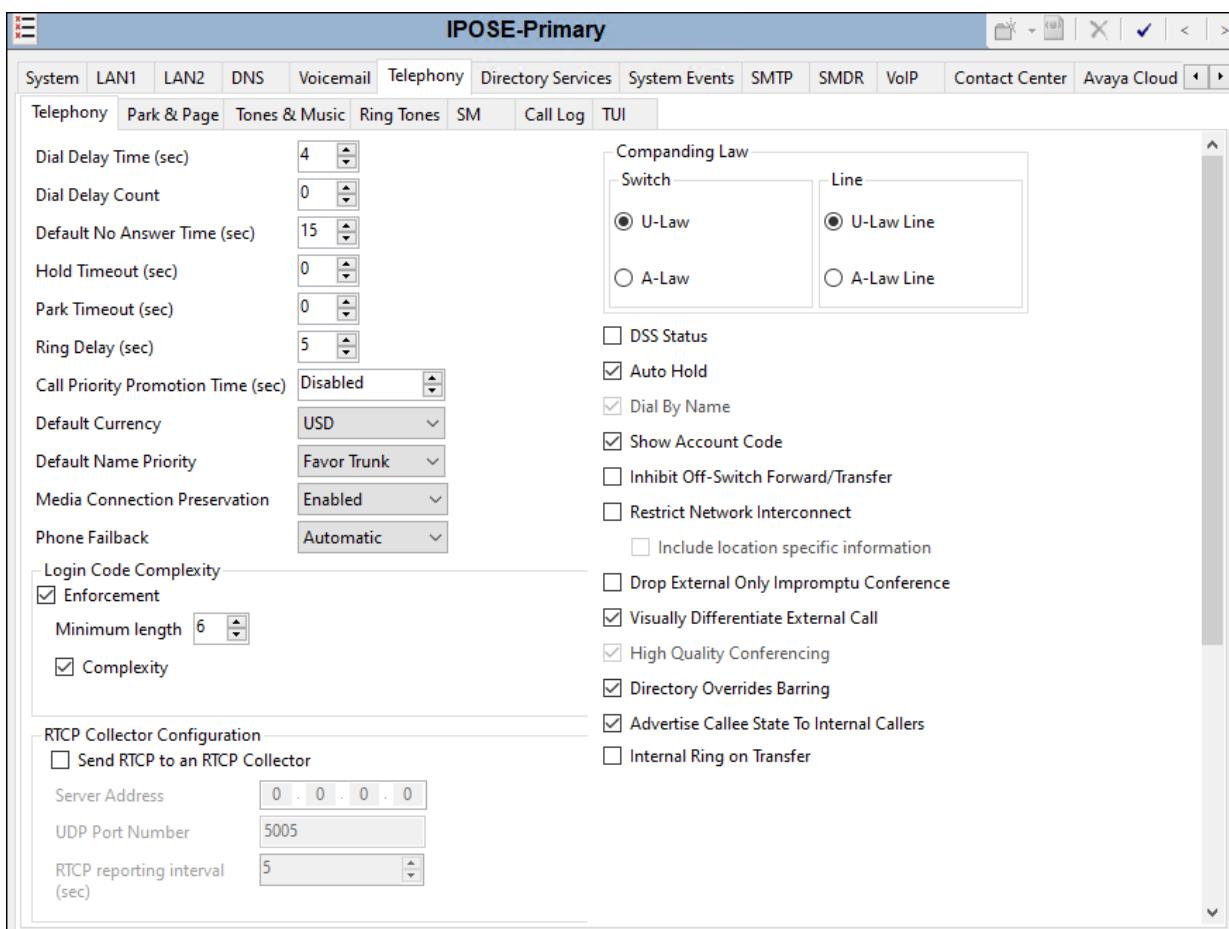
5.2.3. Voicemail Settings

To view or change voicemail settings, select the **Voicemail** tab as shown in the following screen. The settings presented here simply illustrate the reference configuration and are not intended to be prescriptive. The **Voicemail Type** in the reference configuration is **Voicemail Lite/Pro**. The **Voicemail IP Address** in the reference configuration is **10.64.19.170**, the IP address of the Primary server running the Voicemail Pro software.



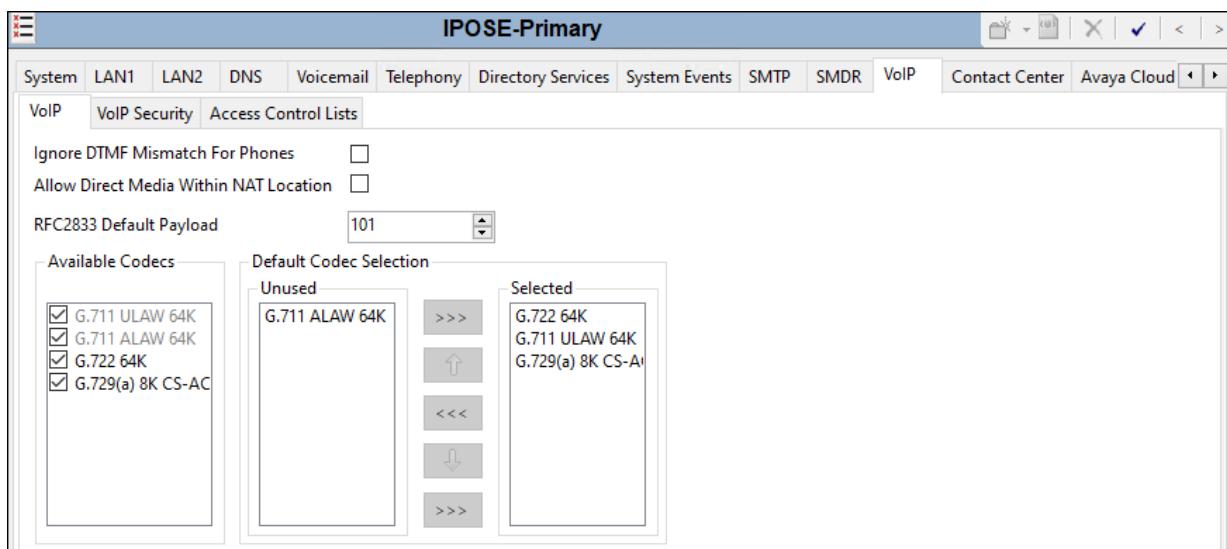
5.2.4. System Telephony Settings

To view or change telephony settings, select the **Telephony** tab and **Telephony** sub-tab as shown in the following screen. The settings presented here simply illustrate the reference configuration and are not intended to be prescriptive. In the reference configuration, the **Inhibit Off-Switch Forward/Transfer parameter** is unchecked so that call forwarding and call transfer to PSTN destinations via the Verizon Business IP Trunking service can be tested. That is, a call can arrive to IP Office via the Verizon Business IP Trunking, and be forwarded or transferred back to the PSTN with the outbound leg of the call using the Verizon IP Trunk service. The **Companding Law** parameters are set to **U-Law** as is typical in North American locales. Other parameters on this screen may be set according to customer requirements.

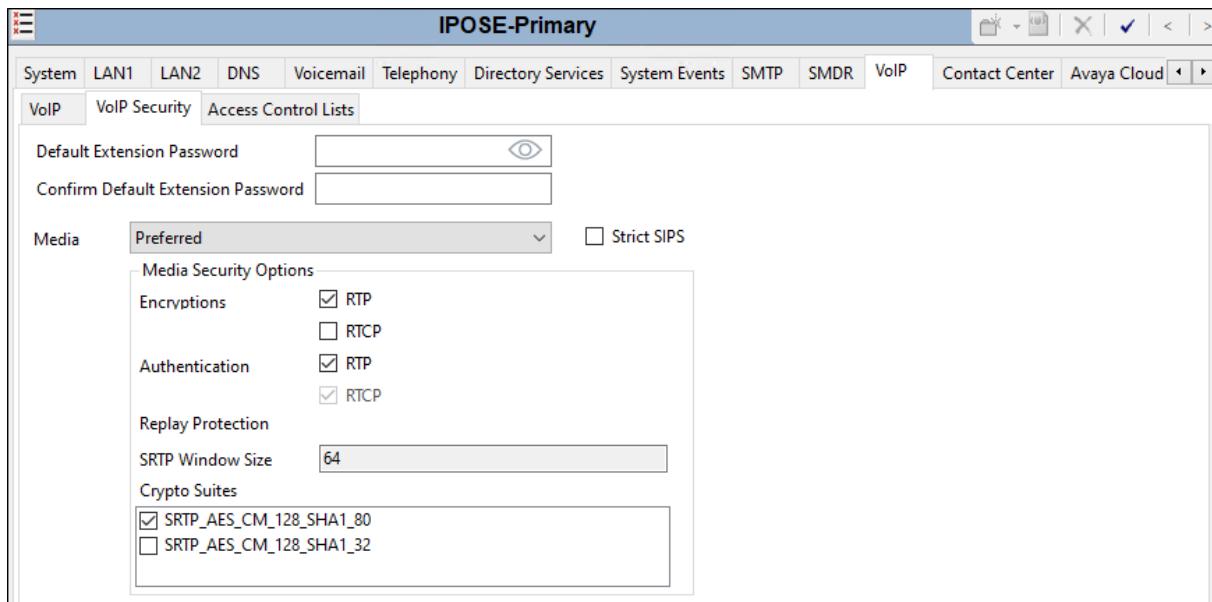


5.2.5. System VoIP Settings

To view or change system codec settings, select the **VoIP → VoIP** tab. The **RFC2833 Default Payload** field allows for the manual configuration of the payload type used on SIP calls that are initiated by the IP Office. During the compliance test, this was set to **101**, the value preferred by Verizon Business. For codec selection, on the left, observe the list of **Available Codecs**. In the example screen below, which is not intended to be prescriptive, the parameter next to each codec is checked, making all the codecs available in other screens where codec configuration may be performed (such as the SIP Line in **Section 5.4.55**). The **Default Codec Selection** area enables the codec preference order to be configured on a system-wide basis, using the up, down, left, and right arrows. By default, all IP (SIP and H.323) lines and extensions will assume the system default codec selection, unless configured otherwise for the specific line or extension.



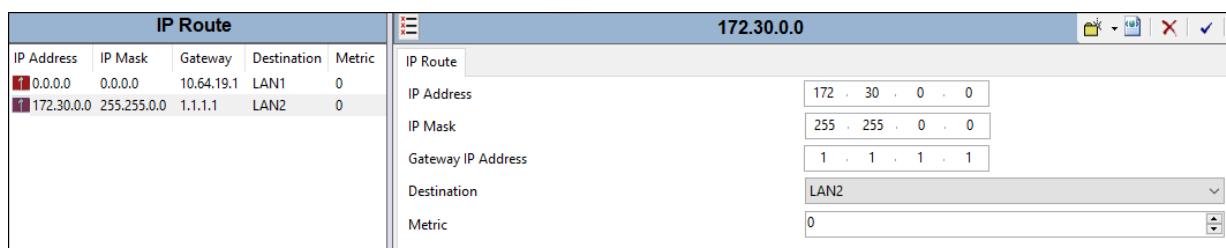
During the compliance test, SRTP was used internal to the enterprise wherever possible. To view or configure the media encryption settings, select the **VoIP → VoIP Security** tab on the Details pane. The **Media Security** drop-down menu is set to **Preferred** to have IP Office attempt use encrypted RTP for devices that support it and fall back to RTP for devices that do not support encryption. Under **Media Security Options**, **RTP** is selected for the **Encryptions** and **Authentication** fields. Under **Crypto Suites**, **SRTP_AES_CM_128_SHA1_80** is selected.



5.3. IP Route

In the reference configuration, the Primary server LAN1 port is physically connected to the local area network switch at the IP Office customer site. The default gateway for this network is **10.64.19.1**.

The IP Office LAN2 port is physically connected to the Verizon PIP network and has a default gateway of **1.1.1.1**. To add an IP Route in the Primary server, right-click **IP Route** from the Navigation pane, and select **New** (not shown). To view or edit an existing route, select **IP Route** from the Navigation pane, and select the appropriate route from the Group pane. The following screen shows the Details pane with the relevant route using **LAN2** as **Destination**.



5.4. SIP Line

This section shows the configuration screens for the SIP Line in IP Office Release 11.1. The recommended method for configuring a SIP Line is to use the template associated with these Application Notes. The template is an .xml file that can be used by IP Office Manager to create a SIP Line. Follow the steps in **Section 5.4.1** to create the SIP Line from the template.

Some items relevant to a specific customer environment are not included in the template or may need to be updated after the SIP Line is created. Examples include the following:

- IP addresses
- SIP Credentials (if applicable)
- SIP URI entries
- Setting of the **Use Network Topology Info** field on the Transport tab.

Therefore, it is important that the SIP Line configuration be reviewed and updated if necessary after the SIP Line is created via the template. The resulting SIP Line data can be verified against the manual configuration shown in **Sections 5.4.2 – 5.4.6**.

In addition, the following SIP Line settings are not supported on Basic Edition:

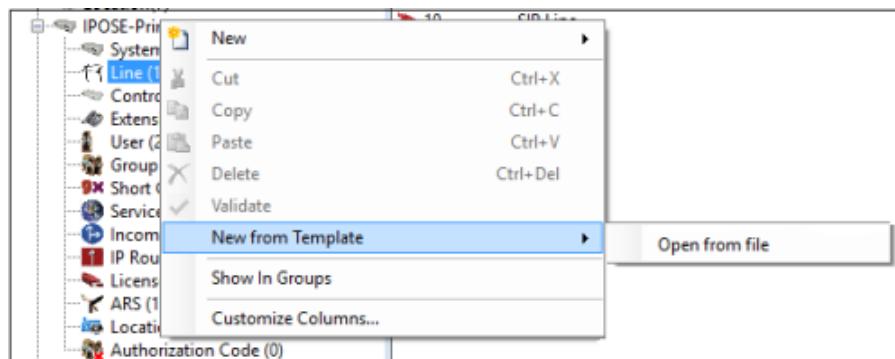
- SIP Line – Originator number for forwarded and twinning calls.
- Transport – Second Explicit DNS Server.
- SIP Credentials – Registration Requirement.
- SIP Advanced Engineering.

Alternatively, a SIP Line can be created manually. To do so, right-click **Line** in the Navigation Pane and select **New → SIP Line**. Then, follow the steps outlined in **Sections 5.4.2 – 5.4.6**.

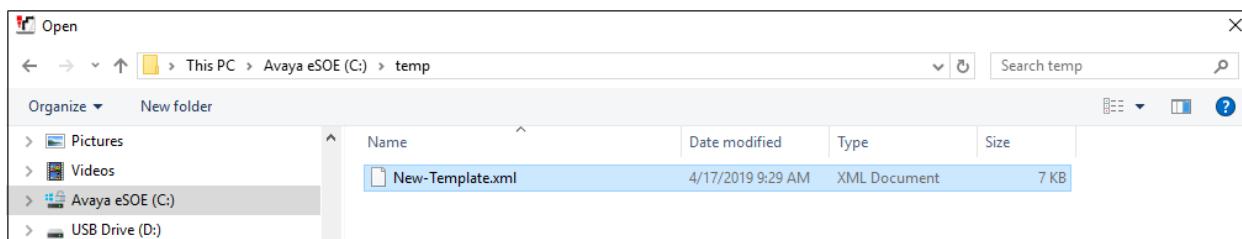
5.4.1. Creating a SIP Line from an XMLTemplate

Note – DevConnect generated SIP Line templates are always exported in an XML format. These XML templates do not include sensitive customer specific information and are therefore suitable for distribution. The XML format templates can be used to create SIP trunks on both IP Office Standard Edition (500v2) and IP Office Server Edition systems. Alternatively, binary templates may be generated. However, binary templates include all the configuration parameters of the Trunk, including sensitive customer specific information. Therefore, binary templates should only be used for cloning trunks within a specific customer's environment.

Copy a previously created template file to the computer where IP Office Manager is installed. To create the SIP Trunk from the template, right-click on **Line** in the Navigation Pane, then navigate to **New → New from Template**. Select **Open from file**.



Navigate to the directory where the template was copied on the local computer (e.g., `\temp`) and select it. Click **Open** (not shown).



The new SIP Line is created, and it will appear on the **Navigation** pane (e.g., **SIP Line 21**). The resulting SIP Line data can be verified against the manual configuration shown in **Sections 5.4.2 to 5.4.6**.

Line		
Line Number	Line Type	Line SubType
1	IP Office Line	WebSocket Server SCN
2	SIP Line	
6	SIP Line	
8	IP Office Line	WebSocket Server SCN
16	SIP Line	
21	SIP Line	

5.4.2. SIP Line – SIP Line Tab

The **SIP Line** tab in the Details pane is shown below for Line Number **21**, used for the Verizon Business IP Trunking service.

The **ITSP Domain Name** is left blank. With this setting, IP Office will use the **ITSP Proxy Address** (see [Section 5.4.3](#)) as the host part in the SIP URIs of the destination headers (Request URI and To headers) for outbound calls. **Local Domain Name** is set to the IP address of the Avaya IP Office LAN2 interface (e.g., **1.1.1.2**). IP Office will use this IP address as the host part in origination headers (From, Contact, P-Asserted Identity and Diversion headers).

By default, the **In Service** and **Check OOS** boxes are checked. In the reference configuration, IP Office will use the SIP OPTIONS method to periodically check the SIP Line. The time between SIP OPTIONS sent by IP Office will use the **Binding Refresh Time** for LAN2, as shown in [Section 5.2.12](#).

Under **Session Timers**, the **Refresh Method** is set to “**Reinvite**” and the **Timer (seconds)** is set to **1800**. With this configuration, IP Office will send re-INVITEs every 15 minutes (half of the set value) to keep the active session alive.

Under **Redirect and Transfer**, the default setting for the automatic determination of **Incoming Supervised REFER** and **Outgoing Supervised REFER** is **Auto**. Alternatively, the default can be overridden with **Never** to explicitly disable use of supervised REFER, or **Always** to explicitly enable use of supervised REFER, as shown below. The **Send 302 Moved Temporarily** setting is unchecked, as Verizon does not support receiving a 302 Moved Temporarily message. Optionally, the **Outgoing Blind REFER** parameter can be checked to enable use of REFER for blind transfers.

SIP Line - Line 21			
SIP Line Transport Call Details VoIP SIP Credentials SIP Advanced Engineering			
Line Number	21	In Service	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ITSP Domain Name		Check OOS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local Domain Name	1.1.1.2	Session Timers	
URI Type	SIP URI	Refresh Method	Re-invite
Location	Cloud	Timer (sec)	1800
Prefix		Redirect and Transfer	
National Prefix		Incoming Supervised REFER	Always
International Prefix		Outgoing Supervised REFER	Always
Country Code		Send 302 Moved Temporarily	<input type="checkbox"/>
Name Priority	System Default	Outgoing Blind REFER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Description	Verizon IPT		

5.4.3. SIP Line - Transport Tab

Select the **Transport** tab. The **ITSP Proxy Address** is set to the IP address provided by Verizon (**172.30.209.21**), as shown in **Figure 1**. In the **Network Configuration** area, **UDP** is selected as the **Layer 4 Protocol**. The **Send Port** is set to the port number provided by Verizon Business. As shown in **Figure 1**, this port is **5071** in the sample configuration. The **Listen Port** can retain the default value **5060**. The **Use Network Topology Info** parameter is set to **None**.

The screenshot shows the 'Transport' tab of the SIP Line configuration. The 'ITSP Proxy Address' is set to 172.30.209.21. Under 'Network Configuration', 'Layer 4 Protocol' is set to UDP, 'Send Port' is 5071, and 'Listen Port' is 5060. The 'Use Network Topology Info' dropdown is set to 'None'. Below these, there are fields for 'Explicit DNS Server(s)' with values 0 . 0 . 0 . 0 and 0 . 0 . 0 . 0. A checked checkbox indicates 'Calls Route via Registrar'. There is also a 'Separate Registrar' field.

5.4.4. SIP Line – Call Details Tab

Select the **Call Details** tab. To add a new SIP URI, click the **Add...** button. A New URI area will be opened. To edit an existing entry, click an entry in the list at the top, and click the **Edit...** button.

The screenshot shows the 'Call Details' tab of the SIP Line configuration. It displays a table of SIP URIs:

URI	Groups	Credential	Local URI	Contact	P Asserted ID	P Preferred ID	Diversion Header	Remote Party ID	
1	21 21	0: <None>	Auto	Auto			Auto		
2	21 116	0: <None>	Auto	Auto				7329450821	

On the right side, there are three buttons: 'Add...', 'Remove', and 'Edit...'. Navigation arrows are at the bottom left and right.

In the example screen below, a previously configured entry is edited. The **Incoming Group** parameter, set here to **21**, will be referenced when configuring Incoming Call Routes to map inbound SIP trunk calls to IP Office destinations in **Section 5.88**. The **Outgoing Group** parameter, also set to **21**, will be used for routing outbound calls to Verizon via ARS (**Section 5.99**). The **Max Sessions** parameter was set to “**10**”. This value sets the maximum number of simultaneous calls that can use the URI before IP Office returns busy to any further calls.

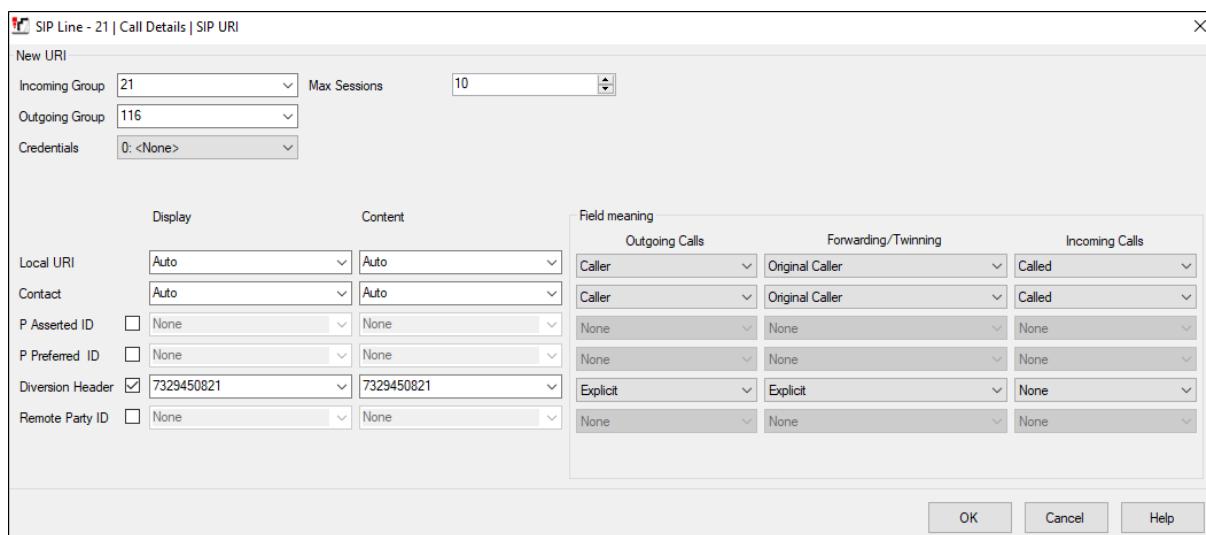
Auto is selected for the **Local URI**, **Contact** and **Diversion Header** parameters. With this configuration, information in the Incoming Call Route (**Section 5.88**) is used determine what call is accepted on the SIP Line. The Incoming Call Route for individual users will also be used to populate the SIP From and Contact headers for outbound calls. Set the **Field meaning** section to the values shown in the screenshot below.

The screenshot shows the 'SIP Line - 21 | Call Details | SIP URI' configuration dialog. In the 'New URI' section, 'Incoming Group' is set to 21, 'Outgoing Group' is set to 21, and 'Max Sessions' is set to 10. The 'Display' and 'Content' sections show various fields like Local URI, Contact, P Asserted ID, P Preferred ID, Diversion Header, and Remote Party ID, all set to 'Auto'. The 'Field meaning' section is expanded, showing mappings for Outgoing Calls, Forwarding/Twinning, and Incoming Calls. Under 'Outgoing Calls', 'Caller' is mapped to 'Original Caller' and 'Original Caller' to 'Called'. Under 'Forwarding/Twinning', 'None' is mapped to 'None'. Under 'Incoming Calls', 'None' is mapped to 'None'. At the bottom right are 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Help' buttons.

In the reference configuration, the single SIP URI shown above was sufficient to allow incoming calls for Verizon DID numbers destined for specific IP Office users, hunt groups or short codes.

The following screen shows an example configuration for Verizon's Unscreened ANI feature. This optional configuration allows customers to send an "unscreened" ANI to Verizon's network which is then displayed to the called party as Caller ID. An "unscreened" ANI can be any telephone number that the customer passes through Verizon's network for Caller ID display purposes only. If this feature is enabled on the Verizon IP Trunk services, Verizon will designate one of the assigned telephone numbers as a "Screened Telephone Number" for each unique location. Verizon will use this Screened Telephone Number to determine call origination for billing, call routing, and E911.

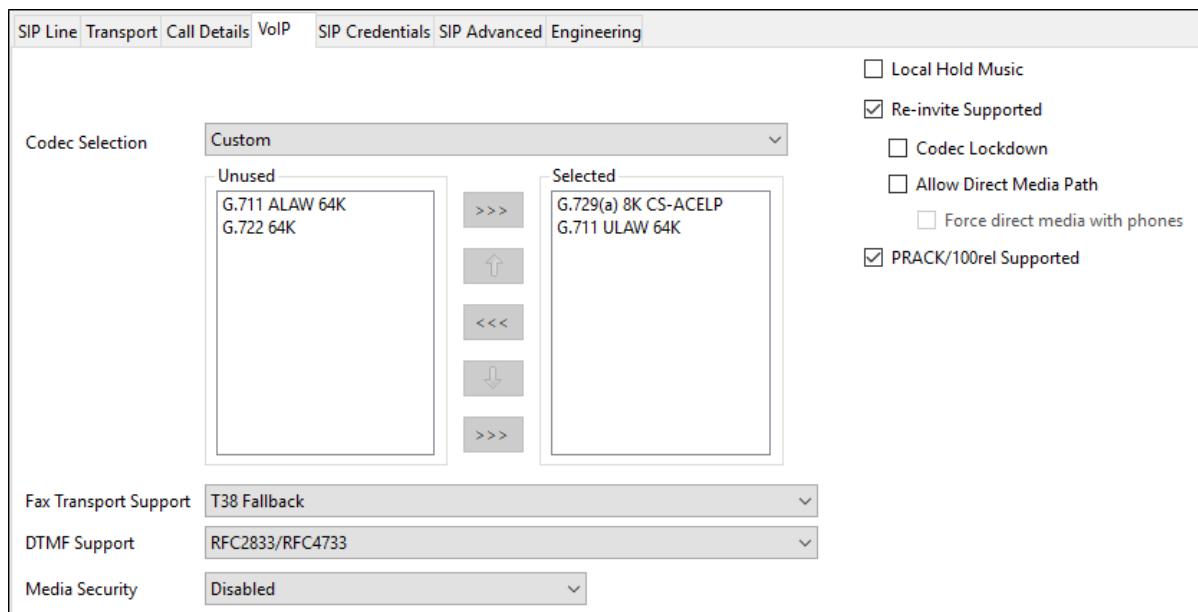
The Screened Telephone Number (STN) provided by Verizon for this test is 732-945-0821. Typically, customers would have one or more STN; one for every location. A central Primary server could be used to pass multiple STNs to Verizon based on the **Outgoing Group** selected. The STN would then be entered in the **Diversion Header** field as shown below.



5.4.5. SIP Line - VoIP Tab

Select the **VoIP** tab. The **Codec Selection** drop-down parameter **System Default** (default) will match the codecs set in the system wide Default Selection list (**System → VoIP**). In the reference configuration, **Custom** is selected and the codecs **G729(a) 8K CS-ACELP** and **G.711 ULAW 64K** preferred by Verizon are specified. This will cause IP Office to include these codecs in the Session Description Protocol (SDP) offer, in that order. The **Fax Transport Support** drop-down is set to **T38 Fallback**. This enables T.38 to be used for fax if supported, and will fall back to G.711 if not. The **DTMF Support** parameter can remain set to the default value **RFC2833/RFC4733**. The **Media Security** parameter can retain its default value of **“Disabled”** as Verizon does not support media encryption. The **Re-invite Supported** parameter is checked to allow for codec re-negotiation in cases where the target of an incoming call or transfer does not support the codec originally negotiated on the trunk.

For PSTN originations, Verizon preferred the G.729a codec in the SDP, while also allowing the G.711MU codec. During testing, the IP Office configuration was varied such that G.711MU was the preferred or only codec listed, and G.711MU calls were also successfully verified.



5.4.6. SIP Line – SIP Advanced Tab

Select the **SIP Advanced** tab. In the **Identity** area, the **Use PAI for Privacy** parameter is checked to include the caller's DID number in the P-Asserted-Identity (PAI) SIP header for a privacy requested call. This PAI SIP header is required by Verizon Business to admit an otherwise anonymous caller to the network. The **Caller ID from From header** parameter is checked to have IP Office use the Caller ID information in the From SIP header rather than the PAI or Contact SIP header for inbound calls. This will allow the Caller Name presented in the From SIP header by Verizon Business to also be included in the Caller ID.

In the **Media** area, the **Indicate HOLD** parameter is checked to have IP Office send an INVITE with media attribute “sendonly”, indicating the call was placed on hold. This is the preferred behavior for Verizon Business to indicate placing a call on hold.

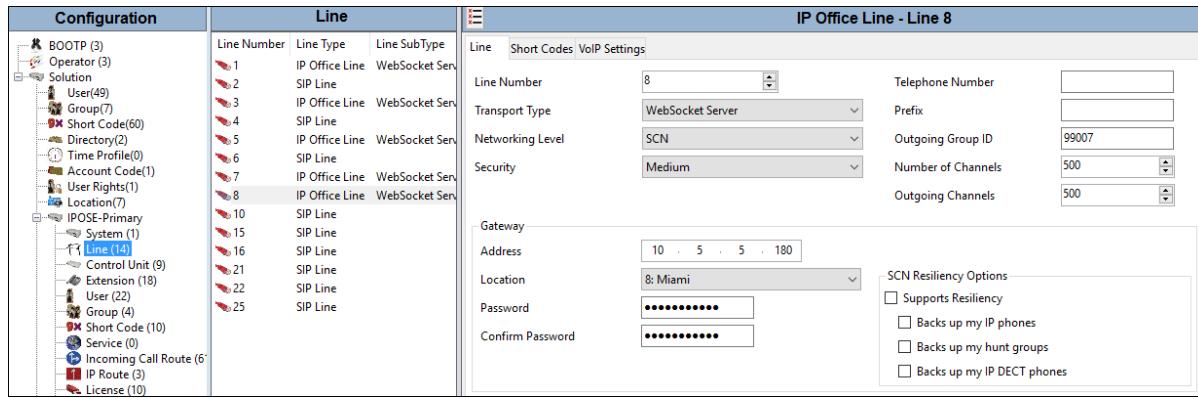
In the **Call Control** area, the **Emulate NOTIFY for Refer** parameter is checked. This is required for some SIP endpoints that perform Refer based transfers across the SIP line. See **Section 2.2** for more details. The **No Refer if using Diversion** parameter is checked to prevent IP Office from using the SIP REFER method on call forwarded scenarios that use a Diversion SIP header. Verizon does not support this type of refer and would respond with a “603 Decline” SIP message.

The screenshot shows the SIP Advanced tab configuration window. It includes sections for Addressing, Identity, Media, and Call Control. Key settings visible include:

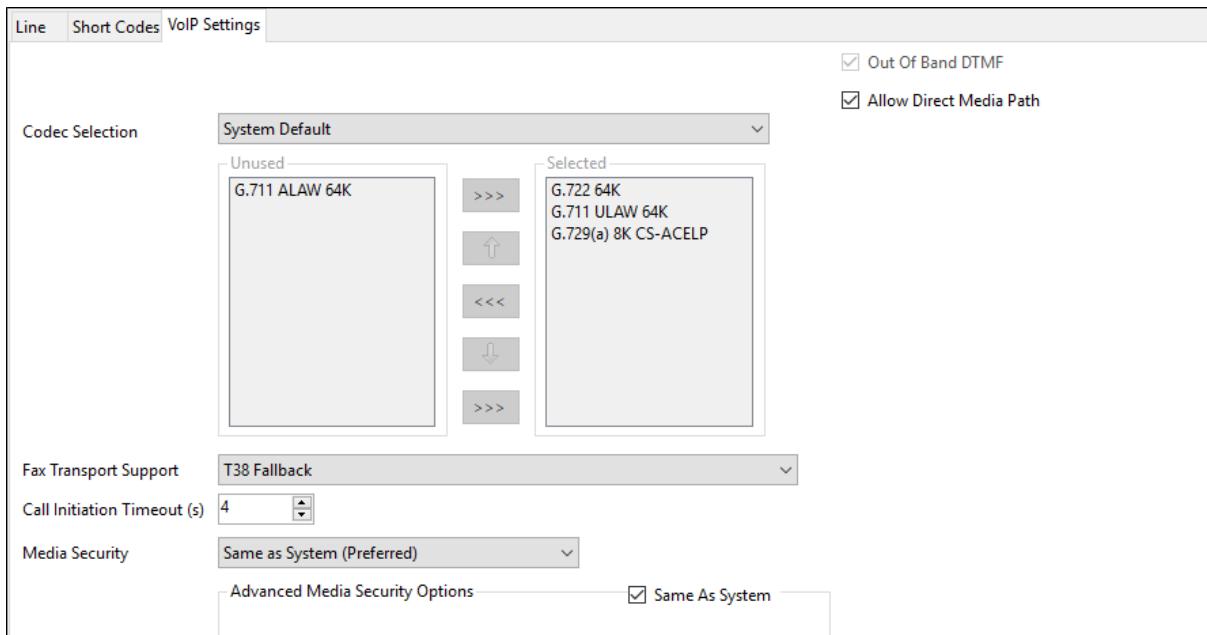
- Addressing:** Association Method set to "By Source IP address", Call Routing Method set to "Request URI".
- Identity:** Use "phone-context", Add user=phone, Use + for International, Use PAI for Privacy (checked), Use Domain for PAI, Caller ID from From header (checked), Send From In Clear, Cache Auth Credentials, User-Agent and Server Headers set to "Never".
- Media:** Indicate HOLD checked.
- Call Control:** Call Initiation Timeout (s) set to 4, Call Queuing Timeout (mins) set to 5, Service Busy Response set to "486 - Busy Here", on No User Responding Send set to "408-Request Timeout", Action on CAC Location Limit set to "Allow Voicemail", Suppress Q.850 Reason Header checked, Emulate NOTIFY for REFER checked, and No REFER if using Diversion checked.

5.5. IP Office Line

In IP Office Server Edition systems, IP Office Lines are automatically created on each server when a Secondary server or Expansion System is added to the solution. To edit an existing IP Office Line, select **Line** in the Navigation pane, and select the appropriate line to be configured in the Group pane. The screen below shows the IP Office Line to the IP500 V2 Expansion System.



The screen below shows the IP Office Line, **VoIP Settings** tab. In the reference configuration, a fax machine is connected to one of the analog ports on the Expansion System. **Fax Transport Support** is set to **T.38 Fallback**. The **Media Security** is set to **Same as System (Preferred)** to have IP Office use the system setting for media security set in **Section 5.2.55** to encrypted RTP. Default values were used for all other parameters.



5.6. Short Codes

In this section, various examples of IP Office short codes will be illustrated. To add a short code, right click on **Short Code** in the Navigation pane, and select **New**. To edit an existing short code, click **Short Code** in the Navigation pane, and the short code to be configured in the Group pane.

In the screen shown below, the short code **9N** is illustrated. The **Code** parameter is set to **9N**. The **Feature** parameter is set to **Dial**. The **Telephone Number** parameter is set to **N**. The **Telephone Number** field is used to construct the Request URI and To Header in the outgoing SIP INVITE message. The **Line Group ID** parameter is set to **58: Vz-IPT**, which directs the call to the ARS. See **Section 5.99** for example ARS route configuration.

The screenshot shows the '9N: Dial' configuration page for a Short Code. The page has a header '9N: Dial' and a tab labeled 'Short Code'. The configuration fields are as follows:

Parameter	Value
Code	9N
Feature	Dial
Telephone Number	N
Line Group ID	58: Vz-IPT
Locale	(empty)
Force Account Code	<input type="checkbox"/>
Force Authorization Code	<input type="checkbox"/>

5.7. Users, Extensions, and Hunt Groups

In this section, examples of an IP Office User, Extension, and Hunt Group will be illustrated. In the interests of brevity, not all users and extensions shown in **Figure 1** will be presented, since the configuration can be easily extrapolated to other users. To add a User, right click on **User** in the Navigation pane, and select **New**. To edit an existing User, select **User** in the Navigation pane, and select the appropriate user to be configured in the Group pane.

5.7.1. SIP User

The following screen shows the **User** tab for user 6241. As shown in **Figure 1**, this user corresponds to the Avaya J169 SIP endpoint.

The screenshot shows the Avaya J169: 6241 configuration interface. The User tab is selected. The form contains the following fields:

Name	aj169
Password	*****
Confirm Password	*****
Unique Identity	
Conference PIN	****
Confirm Audio Conference PIN	****
Account Status	Enabled
Full Name	Avaya J169
Extension	6241
Email Address	aj169@customera.com
Locale	
Priority	5
System Phone Rights	None
Profile	Basic User
<input type="checkbox"/> Receptionist	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Softphone	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable one-X Portal Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable one-X TeleCommuter	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Remote Worker	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Desktop/Tablet VoIP client	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Mobile VoIP Client	
<input type="checkbox"/> Send Mobility Email	

Optionally, if the user does not have a 10-digit telephone number assigned to it in the incoming call route (**Section 5.8**), a User Short Code can be created to set the outbound caller ID. The following screen shows the **Short Codes** tab for user 6322. This user is not associated with an incoming call route. The **Telephone Number** is set to **Ns7329450232**. The number after “s” is used to construct the From and Contact headers in the outgoing SIP INVITE message.

The screenshot shows the Avaya J169: 6322 configuration interface. The Short Codes tab is selected. The table displays the following data:

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group ID
*DCP	40000000,0,1,1,0	Dial	0
9N	Ns7329450232	Dial	59

Buttons on the right side of the table:

- Add...
- Remove
- Edit...

The following screen shows the Extension information for this user. To view, select **Extension** from the Navigation pane, and the appropriate extension from the Group pane.

Setting	Value
Extension ID	11210
Base Extension	6241
Phone Password	*****
Confirm Phone Password	*****
Caller Display Type	On
Reset Volume After Calls	<input type="checkbox"/>
Device Type	Avaya J169 (SIP Feature)
Location	Automatic
Fallback As Remote Worker	Auto
Module	0
Port	0
Disable Speakerphone	<input type="checkbox"/>

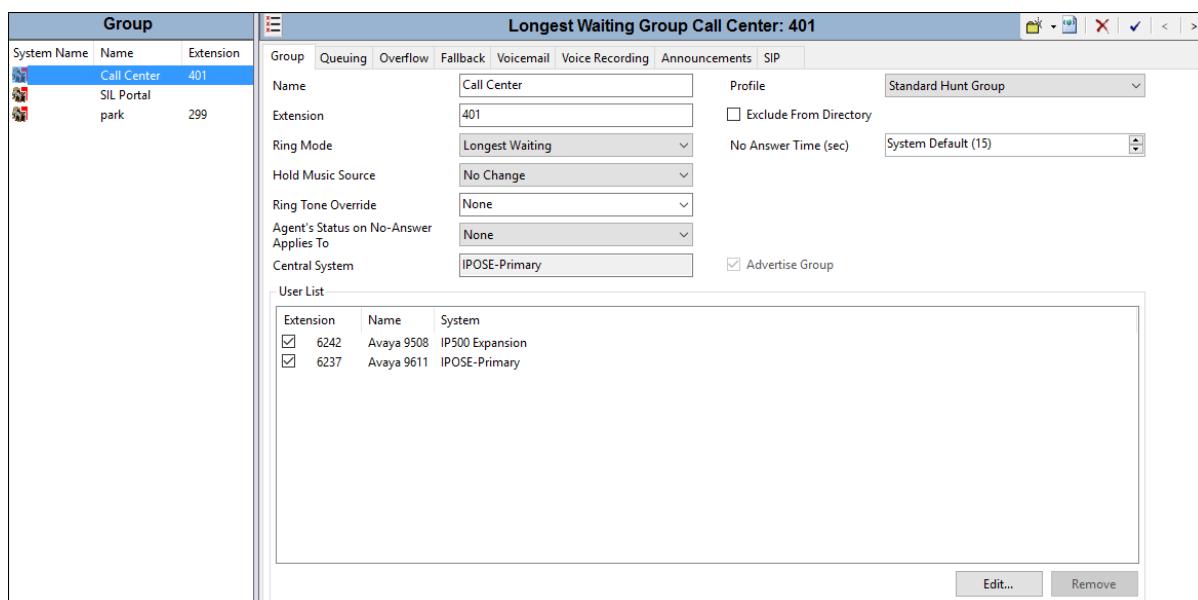
The following screen shows the VoIP tab for the extension. The **IP Address** field may be left blank. Check the **Reserve Avaya IP endpoint license** box. The **Codec Selection** parameter may retain the default setting “**System Default**” to follow the system configuration shown in **Section 5.2.5**. The Media Security parameter may also retain the default setting **Same as System (Preferred)** to follow the system configuring shown in **Section 5.2.5**.

Setting	Value
IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Codec Selection	System Default
Unused	G.711 ALAW 64K
Selected	G.722 64K G.711 ULaw 64K G.729(a) 8K CS-ACELP
Reserve License	Reserve Avaya IP endpoint license
Fax Transport Support	None
DTMF Support	RFC2833/RFC4733
3rd Party Auto Answer	None
Media Security	Same as System (Preferred)
Advanced Media Security Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Same As System

5.7.2. Hunt Groups

During the verification of these Application Notes, users could also receive incoming calls as members of a hunt group. To configure a new hunt group, right-click **Group** from the Navigation pane, and select **New**. To view or edit an existing hunt group, select **Group** from the Navigation pane, and the appropriate hunt group from the Group pane.

The following screen shows the **Group** tab for hunt group 401. The telephone extensions in the **User List** are rung based the extension that has been unused for the longest period, due to the **Ring Mode** setting **Longest Waiting** (i.e., “longest waiting”, most idle user receives next call). Click the **Edit** button to change the **User List**.

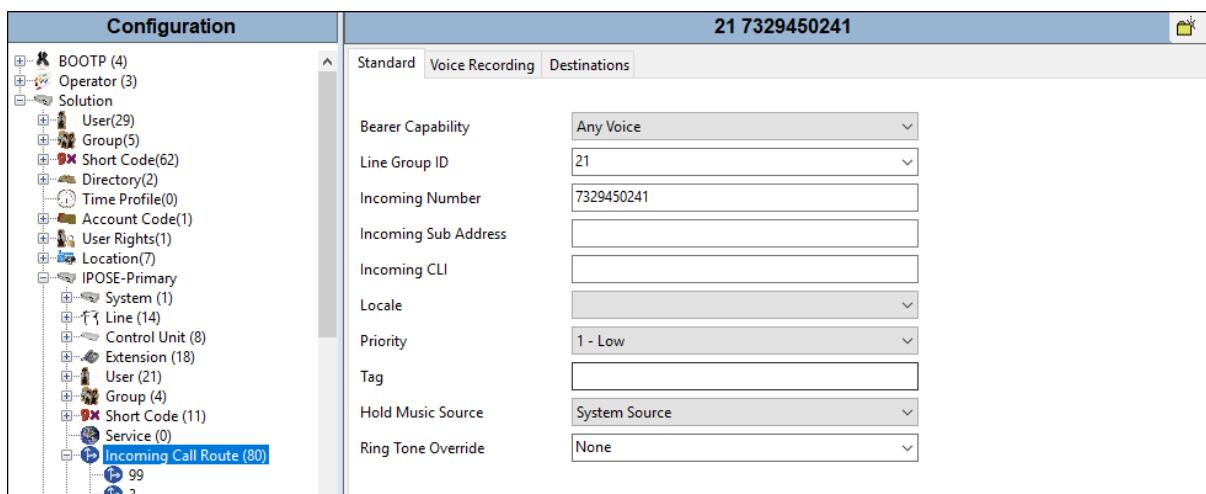


5.8. Incoming Call Routes

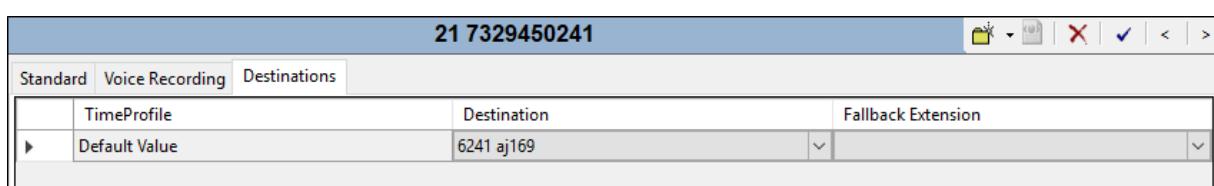
In this section, IP Office Incoming Call Routes are illustrated. To add an incoming call route, right click on **Incoming Call Route** in the Navigation pane and select **New**. To edit an existing incoming call route, select **Incoming Call Route** in the Navigation pane, and the appropriate incoming call route to be configured in the Group pane.

In the screen shown below, a simple incoming call route is illustrated. The **Line Group Id** is **21**, matching the **Incoming Group** field configured in the SIP URI of the **Call Details** tab for the SIP Line to Verizon Business, in **Section 5.4.4**. The **Incoming Number** field is set to the incoming number on which this route should match. Matching is right to left.

Note: When the destination is a user's extension, the **Incoming Number** can be used to construct the From and Contact headers in place of the extension number in the outgoing SIP INVITE message for the user, for caller ID purposes.



On the **Destinations** tab, select the destination extension from the pull-down menu of the **Destination** field. Click the **OK** button (not shown). In this example, incoming calls to 7329459241 on line 21 are routed to extension 6241.



Repeat this process to route the rest of the Verizon DID numbers to additional users, as well as other Avaya IP Office destinations (Hunt Group, Voicemail, Short Codes, etc.).

5.9. ARS Routing

While detailed coverage of ARS is beyond the scope of these Application Notes, this section includes some basic screen illustrations of the ARS settings used during the compliance test.

As described in **Section 5.6**, Short Code **9N** was defined for ARS access. Therefore, outbound calls via ARS are dialed as 9 plus the number. ARS will strip off the 9, and it will process the call based on the remaining digits.

To add a new ARS route, right-click **ARS** in the **Navigation** pane, and select **New** (not shown). The following screen shows the **ARS Route ID 58**, created in the sample configuration. The sequence of **Xs** used in the **Code** column of the entries are used to specify the exact number of digits to be expected following the access code. The first entry below shows that for calls to area codes in the North American Numbering Plan, the user dials 9, followed by 10 digits. The list of codes defined below is simply an example and not intended to be prescriptive. Other dialing codes may be appropriate for different customer networks. The **Line Group ID** is set to **21** matching the number of the **Outgoing Group** configured on the **Call Details** tab of SIP Line 21 to Verizon Business (**Section 5.4.4**).

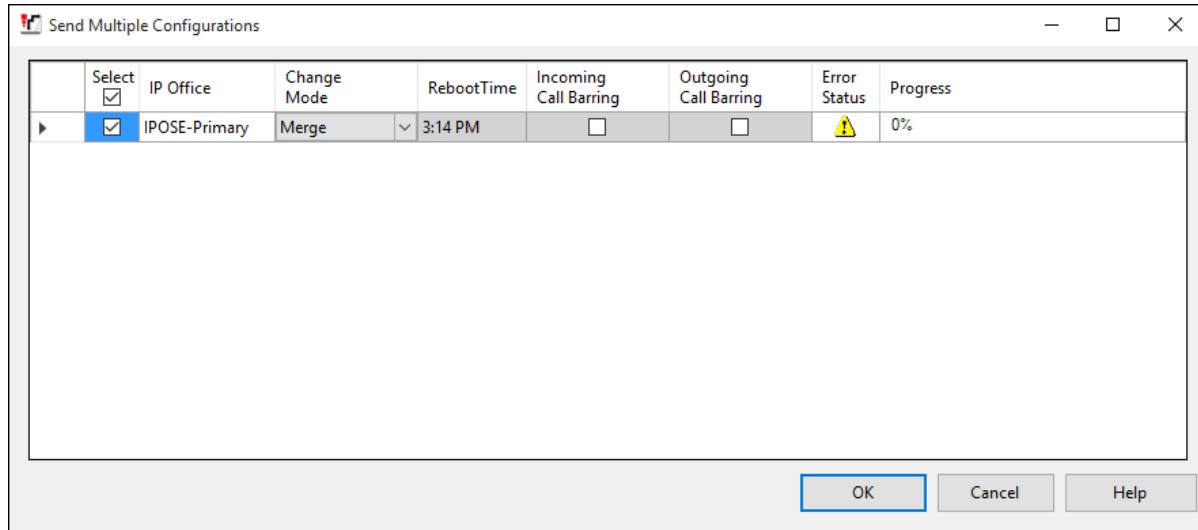
The screenshot displays the configuration of an ARS (Automatic Route Selection) route. The top section shows general route settings: ARS Route ID (58), Route Name (Vz-IPT), Dial Delay Time (System Default (4)), and various checkboxes for Secondary Dial tone (SystemTone), Check User Call Barring, and In Service status. Below these are sections for Out of Service Route (51: failover to IPOSE2) and Out of Hours Route (<None>). A large table lists routing rules based on dial codes and features, all assigned to Line Group ID 21. The table includes columns for Code, Telephone Number, Feature, and Line Group ID. The bottom section shows the Alternate Route Priority Level (set to 1) and the Alternate Route (51: failover to IPOSE2) with a wait time of 5 seconds.

Code	Telephone Number	Feature	Line Group ID
xxxxxxxxxx	.	Dial	21
x11	.	Dial	21
945xxxx	.	Dial	21
5551212	.	Dial	21
1411	.	Dial	21
911	.	Dial Emergency	21
1xxxxxxxxxxx	.	Dial	21

5.10. Save Configuration

Navigate to **File → Save Configuration** in the menu bar at the top of the screen to save the configuration performed in the preceding sections.

The following will appear, with either **Merge** or **Reboot** selected for the **Change Mode**, based on the nature of the configuration changes made since the last save. Note that clicking **OK** may cause a service disruption. Click **OK** if desired.



6. Avaya IP Office Expansion Configuration

Navigate to **File → Open Configuration** (not shown), select the proper Avaya IP Office system from the pop-up window, and log in using the appropriate credentials. Clicking the “plus” sign next to **IP500 Expansion** on the left navigation pane will expand the menu on this server.

Configuration

- BOOTP (5)
- Operator (3)
- Solution
 - User(29)
 - Group(5)
 - Short Code(62)
 - Directory(2)
 - Time Profile(0)
 - Account Code(1)
 - User Rights(1)
 - Location(7)
 - IPOSE-Primary
 - IPOSE-Secondary
 - IP500 Expansion
 - System (1)
 - Line (8)
 - Control Unit (4)
 - Extension (18)
 - User (5)
 - Group (0)
 - Short Code (3)
 - Service (0)
 - RAS (1)
 - Incoming Call Route (1)
 - WAN Port (0)
 - Firewall Profile (1)
 - IP Route (2)

System Inventory

Server Edition Expansion System

Hardware Installed

- Control Unit: IP 500 V2
- Internal Modules: VCM64/PRID U; PHONE8; COMBO6210/ATM4
- Expansion Modules: NONE

System Settings

- IP Address: 10.5.5.180
- Sub-Net Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 10.5.5.2
- System Locale: United States (US English)
- System Location: 8: Miami
- Device ID: NONE
- Number of Extensions on System: 18

Features Configured

- Licenses Installed: Power User(1); Avaya IP endpoints(2); SIP Trunk Channels(10); Server Edition(1); IP Office Select(1); And more...
- Connected Extensions: 6723
- Users NOT Configured for Voicemail: Analog6727; Digital6723
- Users assigned as Ex-Directory: NONE
- Users assigned for Twinning: NONE
- Users barred from making Outgoing Calls: NONE
- Music on Hold: Tone

6.1. Expansion System - Physical Hardware

In the sample configuration, the IP500 V2 Expansion System contained a PHONE8 analog card and a COMBO6210 card, for the support of analog and digital stations. Also included is a VCM64 (Voice Compression Module). Both the VCM64 and the COMBO6210 cards provide voice compression channels to the control unit. Voice compression channels are needed to support VoIP calls, including IP extensions and or IP trunks.

Configuration

- BOOTP (5)
- Operator (3)
- Solution
 - User(29)
 - Group(5)
 - Short Code(62)
 - Directory(2)
 - Time Profile(0)
 - Account Code(1)
 - User Rights(1)
 - Location(7)
 - IPOSE-Primary
 - IPOSE-Secondary
 - IP500 Expansion
 - System (1)
 - Line (8)
 - Control Unit (4)
 - Extension (18)

Control Unit

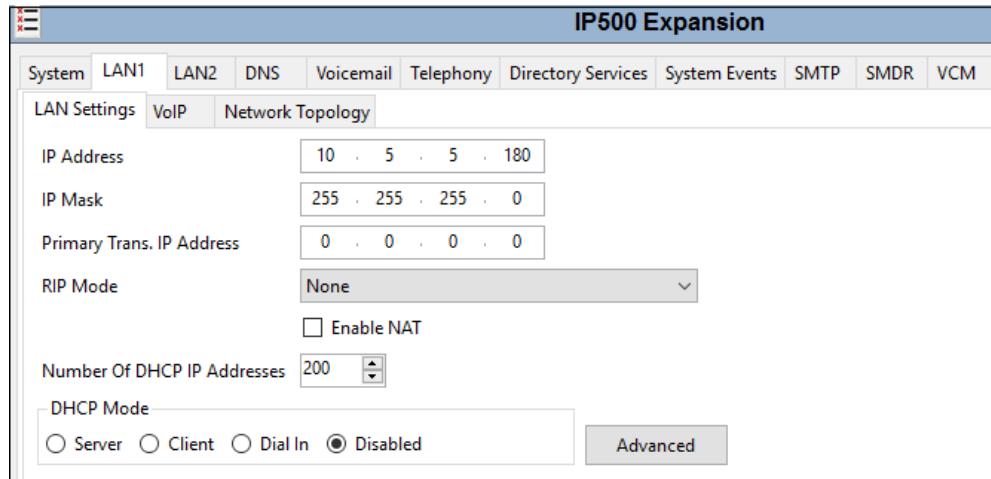
Dev No.	Dev Type	Version
1	IP 500 V2	11.1.0.0 build 237
2	VCM64/PRID U	11.1.0.0 build 237
3	PHONE8	11.1.0.0 build 237
4	COMBO6210/ATM4	11.1.0.0 build 237

IP 500 V2

Unit	
Device Number	1
Unit Type	IP 500 V2
Version	11.1.0.0 build 237
Serial Number	00e00706ebf2
Unit IP Address	10.5.5.180
Interconnect Number	0
Module Number	Control Unit

6.2. Expansion System - LAN Settings

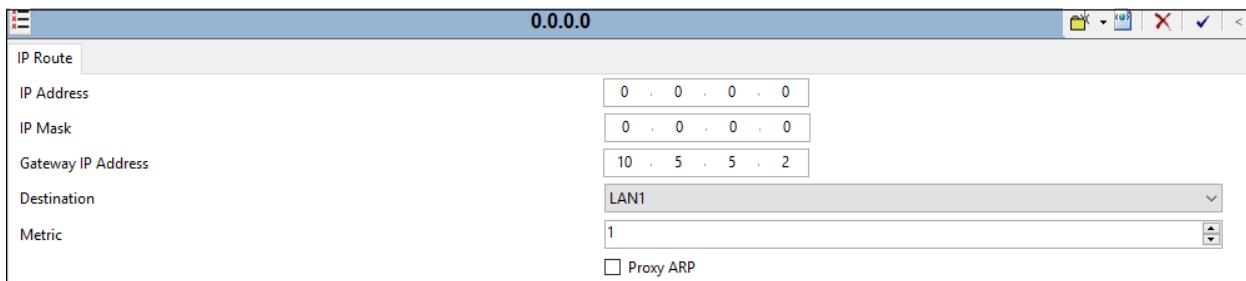
In the sample configuration, LAN1 is used to connect the Expansion System to the enterprise network. To view or configure the LAN1 IP address, select **System** on the Navigation pane. Select the **LAN1 → LAN Settings** tab on the Details pane. As shown in **Figure 1**, the IP Address of the Expansion System is **10.5.5.180**. Other parameters on this screen may be set according to customer requirements



Defaults were used on the **VoIP** and **Network Topology** tabs (not shown).

6.3. Expansion System - IP Route

To create an IP route for the Expansion System, right-click on **IP Route** on the left Navigation pane. Select **New** (not shown). The configuration is similar to the one on the Primary server (**Section 5.33**), with the difference that in the reference configuration, the default gateway for the Expansion System is **10.5.5.2**.



6.4. Expansion System - IP Office Line

The IP Office Lines are automatically created on each server when the Expansion System is added to the solution. Below is the IP Office Line (**Line Number 17**) to the Primary server.

This screenshot shows the 'IP Office Line - Line 17' configuration window. The 'Line' tab is selected. The 'Line Number' is set to 17. The 'Transport Type' is set to 'WebSocket Client'. The 'Networking Level' is set to 'SCN'. The 'Security' level is set to 'Medium'. The 'Telephone Number' field is empty. The 'Prefix' field is empty. The 'Outgoing Group ID' is set to 99999. The 'Number of Channels' is set to 250. The 'Outgoing Channels' is set to 250. In the 'Gateway' section, the 'Address' is 10 . 64 . 19 . 170, the 'Location' is 2: Denver, and the 'Port' is 443. The 'Description' field is empty. On the right, under 'SCN Resiliency Options', there are four checkboxes: 'Supports Resiliency' (unchecked), 'Backs up my IP phones' (unchecked), 'Backs up my hunt groups' (unchecked), and 'Backs up my IP DECT phones' (unchecked).

In the reference configuration, a fax machine is connected to one of the analog ports on the Expansion System. To accommodate T.38 fax, select the **VoIP Settings** tab and set **Fax Transport Support to T38 Fallback**. The **Media Security** drop-down menu is set to “**Same as System (Preferred)**” to have IP Office use the system setting for media security set in **Section 5.2.5** to encrypted RTP.

This screenshot shows the 'IP Office Line - Line 17' configuration window with the 'VoIP Settings' tab selected. In the 'Codec Selection' section, the 'Unused' list contains 'G.711 ALAW 64K' and 'G.723.1 6K3 MP-MLQ'. The 'Selected' list contains 'G.722 64K', 'G.711 ULA 64K', and 'G.729(a) 8K CS-ACELP'. There are four buttons between the lists: '>>>', '↑', '↓', and '<<<'. To the right of the lists are three checkboxes: 'VoIP Silence Suppression' (unchecked), 'Out Of Band DTMF' (checked), and 'Allow Direct Media Path' (checked). Below these settings are 'Fax Transport Support' (set to 'T38 Fallback'), 'Call Initiation Timeout (s)' (set to 4), and 'Media Security' (set to 'Same as System (Preferred)'). At the bottom, there is an 'Advanced Media Security Options' section with a checkbox 'Same As System' (checked).

Select the **T38 Fax** tab. The **Use Default Values** box is unchecked, and the **T38 Fax Version** is set to **0**. In the **Redundancy** area, the **Low Speed** and **High Speed** parameters are set to **2**. All other values are left at default.

The screenshot shows the 'IP Office Line - Line 17' configuration window with the 'T38 Fax' tab selected. The 'T38 Fax Version' is set to 0. Under 'Transport', 'UDPTL' is selected. In the 'Redundancy' section, both 'Low Speed' and 'High Speed' are set to 2. Other settings include 'TCF Method' (Trans TCF), 'Max Bit Rate (bps)' (14400), 'EFlag Start Timer (ms)' (2600), 'EFlag Stop Timer (ms)' (2300), and 'Tx Network Timeout (sec)' (150). On the right, several checkboxes are checked: 'Scan Line Fix-up', 'TFOP Enhancement', 'Disable T30 ECM', and 'Disable EFlags For First DIS'. There is also an unchecked checkbox for 'Disable T30 MR Compression'. Below these are 'NSF Override' fields for 'Country Code' (0) and 'Vendor Code' (0). At the bottom left is an unchecked checkbox for 'Use Default Values'.

6.5. Expansion System - Short Codes

Similar to the configuration of the Primary server in [Section 5.66](#), a Short Code is created to access ARS. In the reference configuration, the **Line Group ID** is set to an ARS route illustrated in the next section.

The screenshot shows the '9N: Dial' configuration window with the 'Short Code' tab selected. The 'Code' field contains '9N', 'Feature' is set to 'Dial', 'Telephone Number' is 'N', 'Line Group ID' is '53: To-Primary', and 'Locale' is set to a dropdown menu. There are also two unchecked checkboxes for 'Force Account Code' and 'Force Authorization Code'.

6.6. Expansion System - Automatic Route Selection – ARS

The following screen shows an example ARS configuration for the route named **To-Primary** on the Expansion System. The **Telephone Number** is set to **9N**. The **Line Group ID** is set to **99999** matching the number of the **Outgoing Group ID** configured on the IP Office Line 17 to the Primary server ([Section 6.4](#)).

The screenshot displays the 'To-Primary' ARS configuration window. Key settings include:

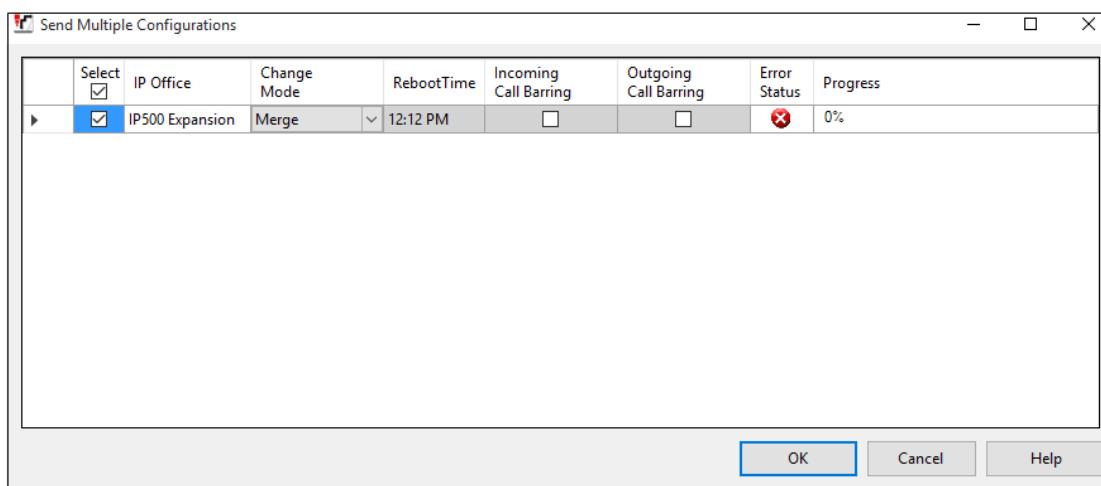
- ARS Route ID:** 53
- Route Name:** To-Primary
- Dial Delay Time:** System Default (4)
- Description:** (empty)
- In Service:** → Out of Service Route: <None>
- Time Profile:** <None> → Out of Hours Route: <None>
- Code:** N
- Telephone Number:** 9N
- Feature:** Dial
- Line Group ID:** 99999

Buttons on the right: Add..., Remove, Edit...

6.7. Save IP Office Expansion System Configuration

Navigate to **File → Save Configuration** in the menu bar at the top of the screen to save the configuration performed in the preceding sections

The following will appear, with either **Merge** or **Reboot** selected, based on the nature of the configuration changes made since the last save. Note that clicking **OK** may cause a service disruption. Click **OK** to proceed.



7. Verizon Business IP Trunking Services Configuration

Information regarding the Verizon Business IP Trunking Services suite offer can be found at <https://enterprise.verizon.com/products/business-communications/voip-and-voice-services/voip-ip-trunking/> or by contacting a Verizon Business sales representative.

The reference configuration described in these Application Notes is located in the Avaya Solutions and Interoperability Test Lab. Access to the Verizon Business IP Trunking Services suite was via a Verizon Private IP (PIP) T1 connection. Verizon Business provided all of the necessary service provisioning.

For service provisioning, Verizon will require the customer IP address used to reach the Avaya IP Office. The following service access information (FQDN, ports, DID numbers) was provided by Verizon for the sample configuration.

CPE (Avaya)	Verizon Network
<i>adsvc.avaya.globalipcom.com</i> <i>UDP port 5060</i>	<i>pcelban0001.avayalincroft.globalipcom.com</i> <i>UDP Port 5071</i>

IP DID Numbers
732-945-0231
732-945-0232
732-945-0233
732-945-0234
732-945-0235
732-945-0236
732-945-0237
732-945-0238
732-945-0239

8. Verification Steps

This section provides example verifications of the Avaya configuration with Verizon Business Private IP (PIP) Trunk service.

8.1. Avaya IP Office

This section provides verification steps that may be performed with the IP Office.

8.1.1. System Status Application

The Avaya IP Office System Status application can be used to verify the service state of the SIP line. From the IP Office Manager application, select **File → Advanced → System Status**. Under **Control Unit IP Address** select the IP address of the IP Office system under verification. Log in using the appropriate credentials.

The screenshot shows the 'Logon' window of the Avaya IP Office System Status application. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Online' (which is selected) and 'Offline'. Below the tabs, the window title is 'Logon'. The form contains the following fields:

Control Unit Address:	10.64.19.170
Proxy Server Address:	<None>
Services Base TCP Port:	50804
Local IP Address:	Automatic
User Name:	Administrator
Password:	[REDACTED]

Below the password field are three checkboxes:

- Auto reconnect
- Secure connection
- WebSocket connection

On the right side of the window, there is a 'Logon' button.

Select the SIP line from the left pane (**Line 21** in the reference configuration). On the **Status** tab in the right pane, verify that the **Current State** is *Idle* for each channel (assuming no active calls at present time). In the lower part of the screen, the **Trace All** button may be pressed to display real time tracing information as calls are made using this SIP Line. The **Ping** button can be used to ping the other end of the SIP trunk.

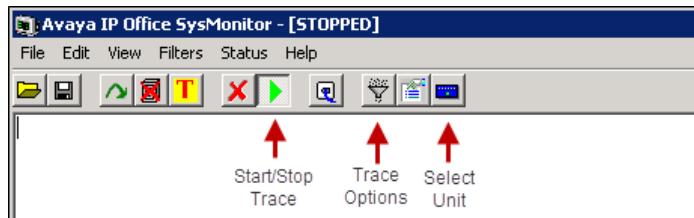
The screenshot shows the AVAYA IP Office System Status interface. The left sidebar navigation includes: Help, Snapshot, LogOff, About, System, Alarms (8), Extensions (2), Trunks (14) (with Line: 21 selected), Active Calls, Resources, Voicemail, and IP Networking Locations. The main content area has tabs for Status, Utilization Summary, and Alarms, with Status selected. The SIP Trunk Summary section displays details for Line: 21: Peer Domain Name: sip://172.30.209.21; Resolved Address: 172.30.209.21; Line Number: 21; Number of Administered Channels: 20; Number of Channels in Use: 0; Administered Compression: G729 A, G711 Mu; Enable Faststart: Off; Silence Suppression: Off; Media Stream: RTP; Layer 4 Protocol: UDP; SIP Trunk Channel Licenses: 100 (0% used); SIP Trunk Channel Licenses in Use: 0; SIP Device Features: REFER (Incoming and Outgoing). Below this is a table titled "Channel" listing 15 channels, all in the "Idle" state. At the bottom are buttons for Trace, Trace All, Pause, Ping, Call Details, Graceful Shutdown, Force Out of Service, Print..., and Save As... .

Select the **Alarms** tab and verify that no alarms are active on the SIP line.

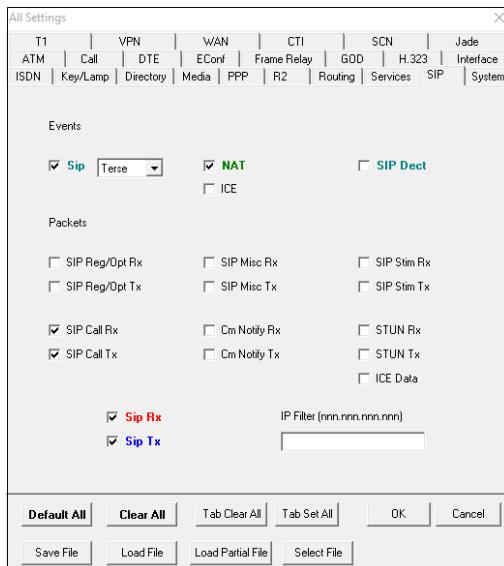
The screenshot shows the AVAYA IP Office System Status interface with the Alarms tab selected. The left sidebar navigation is identical to the previous screenshot. The main content area shows a table titled "Alarms for Line: 21 SIP 172.30.209.21". The columns are Last Date Of Error, Occurrences, and Error Description. The table is currently empty, indicating no active alarms.

8.1.2. System Monitor

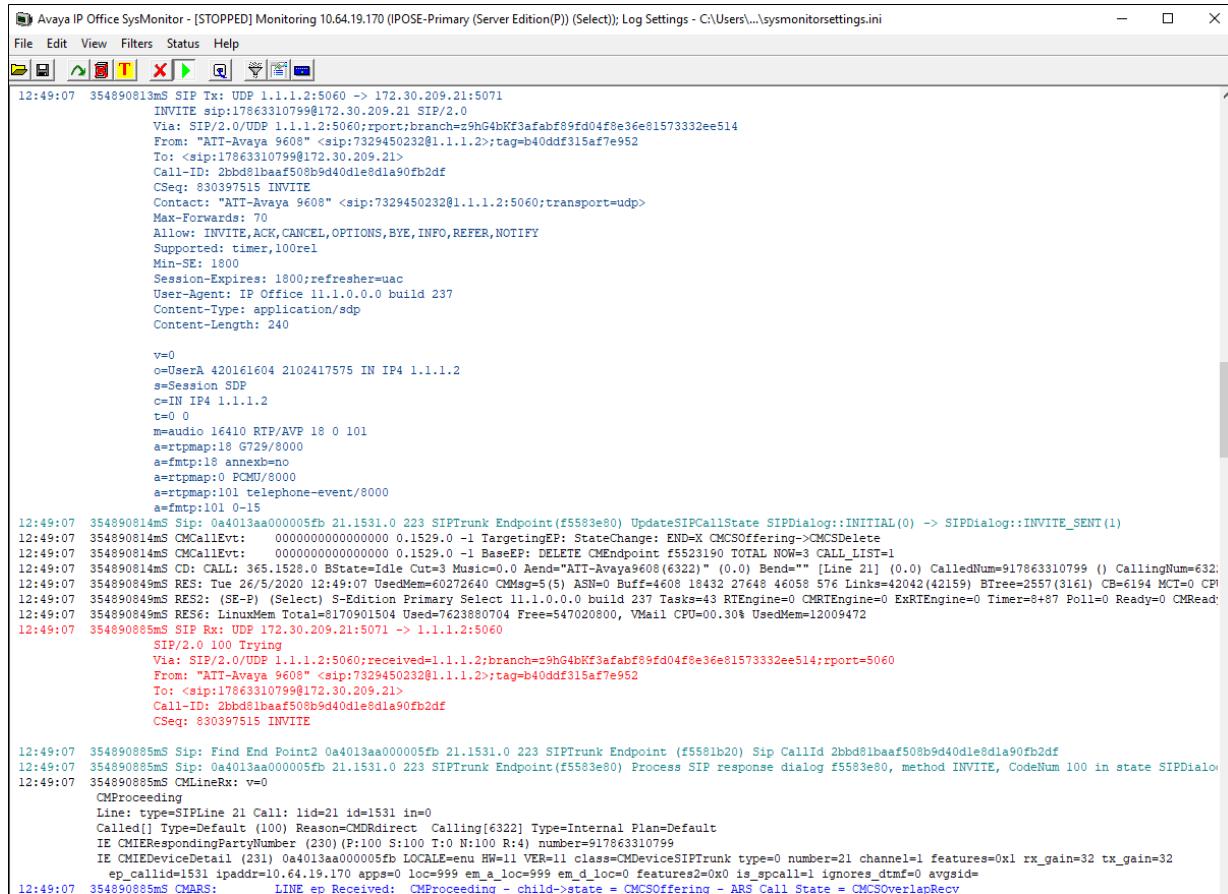
The Avaya IP Office Monitor application can be used to monitor and troubleshoot signaling messaging on the SIP trunk. Launch the application from **Start → Programs → IP Office → Monitor** on the PC where IP Office Manager was installed. Click the **Select Unit** icon on the taskbar and Select the IP address of the IP Office system under verification.



Clicking the **Trace Options** icon on the taskbar and selecting the **SIP** tab allows modifying the threshold used for capturing events, types of packets to be captured, filters, etc. Additionally, the color used to represent the packets in the trace can be customized by right clicking on the type of packet and selecting to the desired color.



The following example shows a portion of the System Monitor window for an outbound call from extension 6322, whose DID is 732-945-0232, calling out to the PSTN via the Verizon Business IP Trunking service. The telephone user dialed 9-1-786-331-0799.



The screenshot shows the Avaya IP Office SysMonitor application window. The title bar reads "Avaya IP Office SysMonitor - [STOPPED] Monitoring 10.64.19.170 (IPOSE-Primary (Server Edition(P)) (Select)); Log Settings - C:\Users\...\sysmonitorsettings.ini". The menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Filters, Status, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with icons for file operations. The main pane displays a log of SIP messages. The log starts with an INVITE message from extension 6322 to 732-945-0232, followed by various SIP events and responses, including CMCallEvt, CMCallEvt, and CMLineRk. The log concludes with a SIP response dialog and a CMARS entry.

```

12:49:07 354890813mS SIP Tx: UDP 1.1.1.2:5060 -> 172.30.209.21:5071
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 1.1.1.2:5060;rport;branch=z9hG4bKf3afabf89fd04f8e36e81573332ee514
From: <AT-Avaya 9608> <sip:7329450232@1.1.1.2>;tag=b40ddf315af7e952
To: <sip:17863310799@172.30.209.21>
Call-ID: 2bbd81baaf508b9d40dle8dla90fb2df
CSeq: 630397515 INVITE
Contact: "AT-Avaya 9608" <sip:7329450232@1.1.1.2:5060;transport=udp>
Max-Forwards: 70
Allow: INVITE,ACK,CANCEL,OPTIONS,BYE,INFO,REFER,NOTIFY
Supported: timer,100rel
Min-SE: 1800
Session-Expires: 1800;refresher=uac
User-Agent: IP Office 11.1.0.0.0 build 237
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: 240

v=0
o=UserA 420161604 2102417575 IN IP4 1.1.1.2
s=Session SDP
c=IN IP4 1.1.1.2
t=0 0
m=audio 16410 RTP/AVP 18 0 101
a=rtpmap:18 G729/8000
a=fmtp:18 annexb=no
a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000
a=rtpmap:101 telephone-event/8000
a=fmtp:101 0-15

12:49:07 354890814mS Sip: 0a4013aa000005fb 21.1531.0 223 SIPTrunk Endpoint (f5583e80) UpdateSIPCallState SIPDialog::INITIAL(0) -> SIPDialog::INVITE_SENT(1)
12:49:07 354890814mS CMCallEvt: 0000000000000000 0.1529.0 -1 TargetingEP: StateChange: END-K CMCSOffering->CMCSDelete
12:49:07 354890814mS CMCallEvt: 0000000000000000 0.1529.0 -1 BaseEP: DELETE GMEndpoint f5523190 TOTAL NOW=3 CALL_LIST=1
12:49:07 354890814mS CD: CALL: 365.1528.0 BState=Idle Cut=3 Music=0.0 Aend=0.0 Bend="" [Line 21] (0.0) CalledNum=917863310799 () CallingNum=632
12:49:07 354890849mS RES1: Tue 26/5/2020 12:49:07 UsedMem=60272640 CMMsg=5(5) ASN= Buff=4608 18432 27648 46058 576 Links=42042(42159) BTree=2557(3161) CB=6194 MCT=0 CF
12:49:07 354890849mS RES2: (SE-P) (Select) S-Edition Primary Select 11.1.0.0.0 build 237 Tasks=43 RTEngine=0 CMRTEngine=0 ExRTEngine=0 Timer=8+87 Poll=0 Ready=0 CMRead:
12:49:07 354890849mS RES6: LinuxMem Total=8170901504 Used=7623880704 Free=547020800, VMail CPU=00.30% UsedMem=12009472
12:49:07 354890885mS SIP Rx: UDP 172.30.209.21:5071 -> 1.1.1.2:5060
    SIP/2.0/UDP 1.1.1.2:5060;branch=z9hG4bKf3afabf89fd04f8e36e81573332ee514;rport=5060
    From: <AT-Avaya 9608> <sip:7329450232@1.1.1.2>;tag=b40ddf315af7e952
    To: <sip:17863310799@172.30.209.21>
    Call-ID: 2bbd81baaf508b9d40dle8dla90fb2df
    CSeq: 630397515 INVITE

12:49:07 354890885mS Sip: Find End Point2 0a4013aa000005fb 21.1531.0 223 SIPTrunk Endpoint (f5581b20) Sip CallId 2bbd81baaf508b9d40dle8dla90fb2df
12:49:07 354890885mS Sip: 0a4013aa000005fb 21.1531.0 223 SIPTrunk Endpoint(f5583e80) Process SIP response dialog f5583e80, method INVITE, CodeNum 100 in state SIPDialog::RECEIVED
12:49:07 354890885mS CMLineRk: v=0
    CMProceeding
    Line: type=SIPLine 21 Call: lid=21 id=1531 in=0
    Called[] Type=Default (100) Reason=CMDDirect Calling[6322] Type=Internal Plan=Default
    IE CMISRespondingPartyNumber (230) (P:100 S:100 T:0 N:100 R:4) number=917863310799
    IE CMISDeviceDetail (231) 0a4013aa000005fb LOCALEnu HW=11 VER=11 class=CMDeviceSIPTrunk type=0 number=21 channel=1 features=0x1 rx_gain=32 tx_gain=32
    ep_callid=1531 ipaddr=10.64.19.170 appa=0 loc=999 em_a_loc=999 em_d_loc=0 features2=0x0 is_spcall=1 ignores_dtmf=0 avgSid=
12:49:07 354890885mS CMARS: LINE ep Received: CMProceeding - child->state = CMCSOffering - ARS Call State = CMCSOverlapRecv

```

9. Conclusion

IP Office is a highly modular IP telephone system designed to meet the needs of home offices, standalone businesses, and networked branch and head offices for small and medium enterprises.

These Application Notes demonstrated how IP Office Release 11.1 can be configured to interoperate successfully with a Verizon Business IP Trunking service connection to create an end-to-end SIP Telephony business solution. By following the example configurations provided in this document, customers using Avaya IP Office can connect to the PSTN via a Verizon Business IP Trunking service connection, thus eliminating the costs of analog or digital trunk connections previously required to access the PSTN. Utilizing this solution, IP Office customers can leverage the operational efficiencies and cost savings associated with SIP trunking while gaining the advanced technical features provided through the marriage of best of breed technologies from Avaya and Verizon.

10. Additional References

This section references documentation relevant to these Application Notes. In general, Avaya product documentation is available at <http://support.avaya.com>.

- [1] *IP Office, Deploying IP Office Server Edition Solution*, Release 11.1, Issue 14, April 2020
- [2] *IP Office™ Platform 11.1, Deploying Avaya IP Office Servers as Virtual Machines*, April 2020
- [3] *IP Office™ Platform 11.1, Deploying an IP500 V2 IP Office Essential Edition System*, April 2020.
- [4] *Administering Avaya IP Office™ Platform with Manager*, Release 11.1, Issue 1, April 2020.
- [5] *Administering Avaya IP Office™ Platform with Web Manager*, Release 11.1, Issue 1, April 2020.
- [6] *Planning for and Administering Avaya IX™ Workplace Client for Android, iOS, Mac and Windows*, Release 3.8, Issue 1, March 2020
- [7] *Using Avaya IX™ Workplace Client for Android, iOS, Mac and Windows*, Release 3.8, Issue 1, March 2020
- [8] *RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol*. <https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3261.txt>

Additional IP Office documentation can be found at:

<https://ipofficekb.avaya.com/>

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